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SIGNAL FOR GENERAL UPRISING IN JAVA

"EITHER KILL BRITISH OR DRIVE THEM OUT"

Dramatic Threat By Nationalist Radio: Indian Troops Detained For Not Fighting Indonesians?

BATAVIA, November 18. (Reuter): "This is the last night of peace. To-morrow we shall either kill the British or drive them out of Java".

This dramatic threat of a general uprising, picked up to-day by the British listening post from a radio station in Indonesian nationalist hands has raised the tension in Java to a new high pitch to-night, cables "Reuter's" special correspondent.

It followed the discovery of a plot by the Indonesian Youth Movement to seize the important town of Samarang, midway between Batavia and Sourabaya.

Ever since the outbreak of fighting in Sourabaya the Indonesian radio has been urging the Samarang Youth Movement to join in the fight, and it is known that the Indonesian Republican Army in the neighbouring area is heavily armed with weapons seized from the Japanese.

MARTIAL LAW IN SAMARANG

The British have replied with the imposition of what is virtually Martial Law in Samarang. Mobile British columns, supported by tanks, are standing by, and all armed men, including the police, have been ordered off the streets. Vehicles are not allowed to move. The police station and the telephone exchange have been occupied.

These moves by the British were directly due to the murder of two British officers and the wounding of a third by the Indonesians when their car broke down last night near Samarang.

One of three Dutch women officers were taking to camp within the town was also wounded.

FOOD BOYCOTT

Another factor contributing to the strained situation has been the food boycott organised by the Indonesians against all Europeans in Samarang. Brigadier R. V. Bethell, commander of the Royal Artillery Brigade of the 23rd Indian Division took the matter up with the Indonesian Government of the town who agreed to investigate.

The shadow of violence hanging over Samarang has been paralleled in Batavia where British tanks and Indian troops have both been out as a result of sporadic shooting in at least three areas. Indians have thrown a cordon round the Cramat area where the Indonesians have raised barricades and are firing at all Allied vessels entering the district.

NO QUICK DEVELOPMENT

Last night's inconclusive three-party conference is not likely to lead to immediate developments.

According to Dutch sources, Dr. Van Mook, Lieut. Gov. Gen. reiterated at the conference the earlier Dutch declaration of policy, and the threatened famine in the island was also discussed. The Indonesians, however, state that they have not been long enough in office to give any definite answers and the new cabinet under Mr. Sutan Sharir had not yet studied any questions collectively.

The Netherlands News Agency said that an atmosphere of friendliness pervaded the three-and-a-half-hour discussion, and that at its conclusion the Indonesians said that it provided "valuable clarification."

Denning's Behaviour

The "Associated Press of America" adds: Violence in Batavia followed by a few hours the British-Dutch-Indonesian conference.

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 5.)

INDIANS REFUSE TO FIGHT INDONESIANS

BATAVIA, Nov. 18. (U.P.A.): The newspaper "Herdeka" last night published the first pictures of the Sourabaya battle and also reports that an evacuation train, filled with Indonesian women and children, was fired on by the British.

The paper also asserted that 400 Indian soldiers have been interned on the island of Onrust off Tandjongprick because they refused to fight the Indonesians and that 200 others are being kept "somewhere else in the Batavia area".

The British denied these reports, adding that most Indian Muslims do not consider the Indonesians staunch Mohamedans.

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H. G. Wells Despairs Of Contemporary Mankind

Darkest Shadow Upon Human Hopes

H. G. Wells concludes his third and last article in the series "Man at the End of its Tether", by drawing the "darkest shadow upon the hopes of mankind". "It is possible," he fears, "the mass of contemporary mankind may not be as readily accessible to fresh ideas as the younger and more childish minds of earlier generations. It is also possible," thinks Wells "that hard, imaginative thinking has not increased so far as to keep pace with the expansion and complication of human societies and organisations.

Wells speaks of himself in the following words in the course of the article: "The present writer is in his 79th year; he has lived cheerfully and abundantly. Like Landor, he has warmed both hands at the fire of life and now, as it sinks towards meticulous invalidism, he is ready to depart."

The human individual lives to a very great age, measured by the lives of creatures about him.

The radium clock gives us the maximum period as far less ten and probably far less than 5,000 million terrestial years, for the career of life.

During all this period, there has been a constant succession of forms, dominating the scene. Each has dominated each and in turn been thrust aside and superseded by some form better adapted to the changing circumstances of life.

Each has obeyed certain inescapable laws that seemed to be in the very nature of things.

These laws were imperative to aggression. The flat was to live and live as abundantly as possible. Live more than your brothers, and glow larger than you can devour.

In the earlier days, this imperative was unqualified by any impulse to mutual aid against the competitor. So, big individuals ate up the food of small ones; even if they did not actually eat them, they grew larger and larger.

In the record of rocks, it is always the gigantic individuals who appear at the end of each chapter.

The planet spins and the climate changes, so that the old over-grown Lord of Creation is no longer in harmony with his surroundings. Go he must. Usually, but not always, some entirely different form of life succeeds him. Or, like sharks he may dwindle in numbers until food supply overtakes him. Then, if nature is to contrive no alternative, he may return to his former abundance.

Sharks and their kind live and die violently and nothing is left of them to fossilise. We know of huge contemporary basking sharks and their like. They may have grown to their present bigness

(Continued on Page 6 Col 1.)

ARABS LINE UP OVER PALESTINE ISSUE

JERUSALEM, Nov. 18 (Reuter): Moves for a concerted Arab stand over the Palestine issue were indicated by the Chairman of the Arab League Council, M. Jamil Mardam Bey, here tonight in a broadcast, disclosing that the member states of the Arab League are "doing their utmost" for the Arab cause in the Holy Land and have set up committees to study questions of land redemption and its retention in Arab hands."

Emir Abdullah of Transjordania is now in Jerusalem for discussions with M. Mardam Bey and other prominent Arabs.

In London it is believed that some at least of the Arab leaders are viewing the Bevin proposals with more sympathetic interest than the same proposals have received at the hands of the Zionist leaders.

The Jewish secret wireless transmitter in a broadcast tonight declared that the Jews would not surrender firearms in their possession as demanded by an official proclamation.

The broadcast asserted that each Jew "will prefer to suffer death penalty rather than leave his people undefended."

STOP PRESS

FLARE-UP IN N. IRAN

TEHERAN, Nov. 18 (Reuter) Fighting has broken out in northern Iran according to reports reaching here tonight.

Persian garrisons in Azerbaijan are described as isolated and telegraph and telephone communications have been cut.

LAKSHMI'S RANGOON DISPENSARY CLOSED

MADURA, Nov. 18 (A.P.I.): The special correspondent of the "Thanthi" wires from Rangoon that Dr. Lakshmi was flown to Miektila from Rangoon and then taken by car to Kalaw, 80 miles from Miektila. Her dispensary in Rangoon where I.N.A. personnel were treated free is now closed.

Quarter Million Punjabis Hear Nehru In 17-Hour Brisk Election Tour

LAHORE, Nov. 18 (A. P. I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru began his three-day election tour of the Punjab by addressing a dozen meetings in Eastern and Central Punjab today.

Detraining at Ambala early in the morning after spending three wakeful nights on the journey from Bombay he plunged headlong into the election drive covering 300 miles by car. He went to some out of the way villages by 'kachcha' road, through water and dust to address conferences.

An Associated Press correspondent who accompanied him saw him stop his car at many roadside points to greet people with a smile and exchange a few words with them. At one point in one of the "dust-bowls" of the plain lying at the foothills of the Himalayan range, he helped to lift a bus carrying some men of the entourage from the sand into which it had dug itself deep.

A quarter million Punjabis, men and women, are estimated to have heard Pandit Nehru's speeches today. At several places he was presented purses totalling several thousand rupees.

MIGHTY REVOLUTION

Pandit Nehru said India is on the brink of a mighty revolution. The year 1946 seems pregnant with possibilities that none dare foretell today.

He said that the British Governments could form Government. The future would find an answer to this. "we shall oppose the Muslim League everywhere and we will defeat it certainly."

Heavily dust-ridden all over and sore-throated in a non-stop 17 hours' fast election campaign covering several Punjab districts Pandit Nehru went to bed late after midnight to snatch a few hours rest to prepare for tomorrow's tour.

★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★

WORLD STARVATION CHAMPION!

SAN FRANCISCO (A.P.A.): A world map for this winter probably would show China at its biggest and blackest centre of suffering.

Brightest spot on the map would be the western hemisphere, brightest in which is the U.S.A. Americans still eat better than anyone.

U.N.R.R.A. officials estimate that about 180,000 000 Europeans are on "the borderline of starvation", and some time ago guessed that 230,000,000 Chinese would need relief of some kind.

★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★

SALUTE TO NEHRU

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 18. A number of telegrams from all over the world have been received by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru felicitating him on his 57th birthday. The Telegrams pray for his long life to serve Mother India and unequivocally salute him as the greatest living champion of democracy.

Open Political Battle In France

PARIS, Nov. 18 (Reuter): The deadlock in France over the resignation of Gen. de Gaulle developed into an open political battle tonight with the announcement that the Communist Party had proposed M. Felix Gouin, Socialist President of the National Consultative Assembly, for election by the Assembly tomorrow as head of Government.

The proposal has not yet been endorsed by the other parties. The Socialists were tonight considering it in a confidential party meeting, which is to be followed by a meeting of all the three parties—including Catholic progressives.

Gen. de Gaulle made it clear in his broadcast last night that he still considered himself a candidate.

None of the pre-war political leaders —not even M. Leon Blum, Socialist leader who headed the Coalition Government in 1936—have been mentioned in the lobbies or the Press as possible alternative candidates.

GUJARAT TEXTILE DISPUTE AWARD

Workers To Get 90% Of Allowance Paid To Ahmedabad Men

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 18 (A.P.I.): The arbitration board consisting of Seth Shantilal Mangaldas and Mr. Khandubhai Desai gave an award today deciding the dearness allowance dispute in the textile mills of Baroa, Kadi Kalol and Petlad.

After giving careful consideration to arguments by both sides, the board awarded that workers should be paid 90 percent (instead of 75 percent paid hitherto) of the dearness allowance paid to Ahmedabad workers from month to month.

The Award is to operate for one year from August 8, 1945 to August 7, 1946

Still No Stalin Signature On "Order Of The Day"

MOSCOW, Nov. 18 (A.P.A.): Generallissimo Stalin's photograph appeared today on the front pages of all Moscow newspapers in connection with the observance of "Artillery Day", but the official 'order of the day' was signed by Marshal Alexander Vasilevsky.

It was also Vasilevsky who signed the 'order of the day' on November 7, on the occasion of the anniversary of the October Revolution.

Jinnah's Rejoinder To Sardar Patel

No Minority Rule In Pakistan As Well As Hindustan

NEW DELHI, Nov. 18. (A.P.I.): Mr. Jinnah in a rejoinder to Sardar Vallabhbhai's declaration that Pakistan of his (Jinnah's) definition was impracticable, asks whether the view of the Muslim minority in the Hindu provinces and similarly the opinion of Hindu minorities of Muslim provinces should prevail.

In that case Mr. Jinnah says, it will be the minority that will be dictating to the majority both in Hindustan and Pakistan, which reduces the whole position to an absurdity.

In an interview today Mr. Jinnah stated: "I am astonished that Mr. Vallabhbhai, while he says that he was personally not afraid of Pakistan should say he knew that the 'Pkistan of Mr. Jinnah's definition could never come into existence."

Asking Sardar Patel to read the Gandhi-Jinnah correspondence after the breakdown of the Bombay talks in September, 1944, the League chief adds: "As regards his other tirades and arguments, it is only a repetition of what is being argued by the Hindus against Pakistan and none of these arguments have any force and separated or divided from the ploded by now.

"It is asked, 'Why not apply the Pakistan logic to the whole of India?'

"Surely it is quite manifest that the fundamental basis of Pakistan is that we want to rescue the Muslim provinces from domination and Hindu Raj being established by a unitary or federal centre. In Pakistan zones there is a defined territory with an overwhelming majority of Muslims inhabiting and therefore we want these zones to be carved out and separated or divided from the rest of India.

"We are in a position to have our independent sovereign states in these zones. The Hindus and non-

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 2.)

LONDON POOHPOOHS YANKEE 'SCOOP'

LONDON, Nov. 18. (Reuter): A report by an American Agency of a Bevin-Morrison clash, threatening to produce eventually a fatal split in the Labour Government, with Mr. Churchill leading a coalition, was officially described here to-night as "absolute nonsense".

I BELIEVE..

The Rotary Club of Calcutta, in conjunction with the leading shoe manufacturers and the Bengal Shoe Traders Association, has compiled a 16 point code of conduct for the shoe trade.

Four main items are published below:

I believe that footwear is not a luxury but a necessity, and that it has a great bearing on personal and public health.

I shall try to satisfy customers by supplying shoes of right size, correct fit and good quality.

I believe that customers should be respectfully served and that their presence in the shop should be considered a privilege. Our motto will be "service above all, irrespective of class, creed or race."

I shall endeavour to secure the reduction of the prices of scientifically developed footwear in order to bring it within the reach of the masses.

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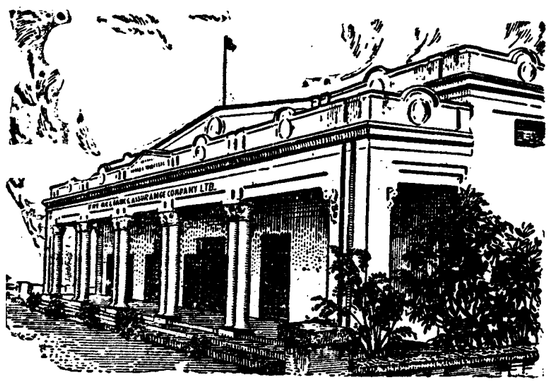

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"Go To Masses & Win Their Confidence"

"Educate Them In Virtues Of Manual Labour": Vinoba Bhave's Exhortation To C. P. & Berar Students

JUBBULPORE, Nov. 17 (A.P.I.)—Acharya Vinoba Bhave (Mahatma Gandhi's first Satyagrahi in the individual Satyagraha movement) extolled the virtues and efficacy of non-violence while inaugurating the Second Session of the C. P. and Berar Students Congress held here last night. He said one violent weapon was met with another stronger one. Who knows there may not be another much more violent and destructive weapon than the Atom Bomb, he asked.

"There is no end to such weapons. Therefore ahimsa is the only weapon which can effectively face all violent methods. If world is not to perish it shall have to resort to non-violence."

DIGNITY OF LABOUR

Acharya Vinoba Bhave added, "If you want success in your revolutionary efforts, you must abolish all distinctions between man and man, discard all superiority and inferiority complex, cultivate frame of mind which must lead you to produce something concrete for yourself and your country. You must appreciate dignity of labour as inactivity deteriorates a nation."

Concluding Acharya Bhave said, "Go to the masses and win their confidence and educate them in the virtues of manual labour. Learn to oppose with avowed determination all tyrannies and injustices whether social or political."

Acharya Vinoba Bhave left last night for Wardha.

STUDENTS' OBJECTIVES

Acharya Dharmadhikari presided over the session in the absence of Mr. Ansar Harvani, the President-elect. The session was attended by about 300 delegates.

Acharya Dharmadhikari exhorted the students to take up all sorts of labour and thereby enhance its dignity. "Develop mental and physical purity", he added, "and make yourself fitter for the coming struggle. Do not attach too much importance to immediate successes because by your efforts you will be laying the foundation stone of your future success." Work and not fame should be the objective of the students he said. They should worship their country and merge themselves in the ideals of the nation.

POLITICS, BREATH OF THEIR LIFE

Mr. Ganeshprasad Nayak, Chairman of the Reception Committee welcomed the delegates and said politics was the very breath of their life and students must play their part boldly in the coming struggle by closing their ranks. "We students are with those who fight for country's freedom," he added.

MOSCOW PRESS DISAPPOINTED

First General Reaction To Washington 'Communique' On Atomic Energy

MOSCOW, Nov. 18 (Reuter): The first general reaction to the Washington 'communique' on the Atomic energy talks (published by Moscow papers for the first time yesterday) seems to be one of disappointment. Though no official or press comment has yet been made some Russians seem to feel that the 'communique' is rather self-contradictory in several clauses. There is also a feeling that the bomb may be used as a means of bargaining

All Moscow papers published the 'communique'—issued by Mr. Clement Attlee, Mr. Mackenzie King and Mr. Truman after their Atomic energy, talks in an abbreviated form.

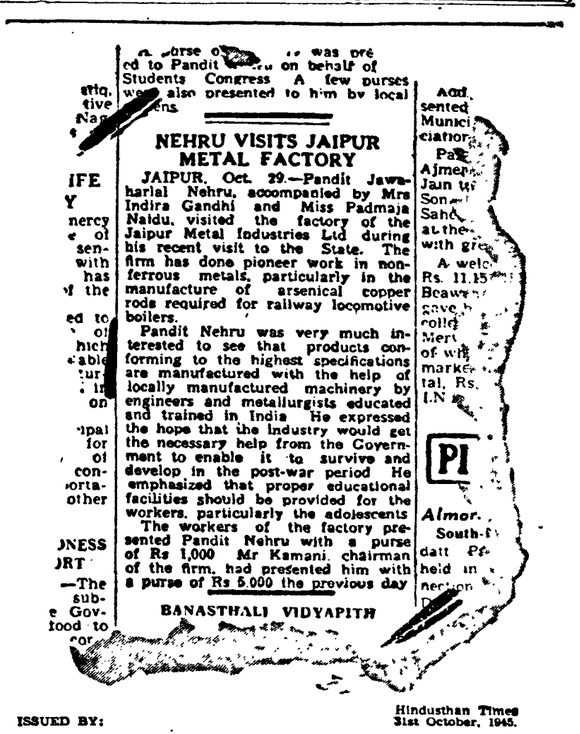
A number of leading Soviet scientists are understood to favour greater international exchange of scientific information.

Soviet Citizenship For Emigrees

MOSCOW, Nov. 16. (U.P.A.): The Supreme Soviet to-day decreed the restitution of Soviet citizenship to all former Russian subjects and citizens in Manchurian territory.

The measure applies to an estimated 100,000 emigrees and refugees who fled from Russia after the Revolution.

The acceptance of Soviet citizenship is voluntary on the part of the emigrees.


NEHRU VISITS JAIPUR METAL FACTORY
JAIPUR, Oct. 29.—Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, accompanied by Mrs Indira Gandhi and Miss Padmaja Naidu, visited the factory of the Jaipur Metal Industries Ltd during his recent visit to the State. The firm has done pioneer work in non-ferrous metals, particularly in the manufacture of arsenical copper rods required for railway locomotive boilers.
Pandit Nehru was very much interested to see that products conforming to the highest specifications are manufactured with the help of locally manufactured machinery by engineers and metallurgists educated and trained in India. He expressed the hope that the industry would get the necessary help from the Government to enable it to survive and develop in the post-war period. He emphasized that proper educational facilities should be provided for the workers, particularly the adolescents.
The workers of the factory presented Pandit Nehru with a purse of Rs 1,000. Mr Kamani, chairman of the firm, had presented him with a purse of Rs 5,000 the previous day.
BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH

Hindusthan Times
31st October, 1945.

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AMERICAN ANXIETY OVER SOVIET "RESERVE"

Another "Big Three" Meeting To Resolve Atom Impasse Envisaged Before Christmas

LONDON, Nov. 18, (U. P. I.): Pressure for another Big Three meeting as soon as possible is increasing from the American political circles, according to latest despatches from Washington.

The "United Press of India" political correspondent learns that diplomats, Congressmen and scientists who are worried about the Atom bomb are impressing upon the administration the immediate need for the Soviet support of a plan to put the atom bomb and other "annihilation" weapons under the control of the United Nations organsation.

The Soviets however are maintaining extreme reserve on the subject and the Soviet Press and radio has so far not given any publicity to the Attlee-Truman communique. This is widely interpreted as signifying that Moscow is not enthusiastic regarding the suggested Control Commission. It is felt, therefore, that only a meeting on the highest level can now resolve the present impasse, and diplomatic circles both in London and Washington talk of the meeting before Christmas so that at the January Session of the United Nations Organisation proposals for the control of the atom bomb can be presented with the approval of Russia.

German Atom Experts Arrive In America

LONDON, Nov. 18 (U.P.I.)—The atom bomb race between Britain America and Russia is on. This is revealed by three highly significant reports today. Firstly it is reported from New York that 88 mysterymen from Germany—scientists and technicians whom none may interview, photograph or even look at—have arrived in America. They are believed to be German atom bomb experts.

Secondly, it is reported from Stockholm that Sweden's atom 'brains trust' which is admitted by the British and American scientists to be ahead in some respects of Anglo-American teams is being put at the disposal of England and later America.

Finally, it is learnt that equipment and research records and nearly all the staff of the Kaiser Wilhelm Research Institute in Berlin have been taken to Russia and re-established there. This was the Institute where Prof. Otto Hann and Dr. Wise Meitner had been working on the atomic chemistry and physics and which was believed to be the key in Germany's atomic bomb development schemes.

Tories Disarmed On Atomic & Palestine Issues

LONDON, Nov. 18 (Reuter): The British Government, by announcing in one Parliamentary week agreement with the United States of America on two world issues of atomic energy and the approach to the Palestine problem, in the view of many observers has considerably strengthened its own position and narrowed opportunities for effective Conservative opposition, cables Fraser Wighton, Reuter's political correspondent.

Next week will see the first full dress two-day debate of the present Parliament on foreign policy, but with Mr. Attlee and the Foreign Secretary Mr. Bevin as probable principal speakers on the one side and the former Prime Minister Mr. Churchill and the former Foreign Secretary Mr. Anthony Eden on the other, the probabilities are that the discussion should be as devoid of rancour as the world debates of the war period.

'ATOMIC BOMB AS POLITICAL LEVERAGE

NEW YORK, Nov. 18. (A.P.A.): Dr. Hewlett Johnson, Dean of Canterbury, interviewed here 'en route' to Washington, said of Mr. Attlee's reported suggestion that Russia be given atomic information under certain conditions: "It could be interpreted as using the atomic bomb as leverage politically." Dr. Johnson said Anglo-American discussions of the atomic bomb would accentuate Russian suspicion of Britain and the United States, adding "they will feel they cannot be trusted with it."

ATTLEE IN CANADA

Will Address Joint Session Of Parliament To-day

OTTAWA, Nov. 18 (Reuter).—Before addressing a joint session of the House of Commons and the Senate here tomorrow afternoon, the British Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, will hold a press conference and place a wreath at the National War Memorial. His speech in Parliament will be broadcast.

He is expected to leave tomorrow night or next morning.

Reds' Despondency In U.P. Elections

(From Our Correspondent).

LUCKNOW, Nov. 12.—The U.P. Governor is reported to have certified only twenty Trade Unions as bona fides operating in the province as existing wholly or mainly for industrial purposes and to have been in existence for two years and been registered as Trade Unions for nearly a year with about 250 members, according to the Order-in-Council relating to the Labour Constituencies for the Provincial Legislative Assembly. Of these twenty Unions, only two are reported to be under the control of the Communists, one under the Royists and one is controlled by the Alwe Group, which is now inclined to go with the Congress.

There are two independent Unions also, namely, the Northern India Sugar Mill Employees' Union, with a membership of about 1,500 and the Allahabad Government Press Employees' Union, with a membership of about 300. The remaining are all controlled by Congressmen, with the result that there is hardly any doubt for the Trade Union seat being captured by the Congress and Provincial Trade Union Congress nominee whoever he might be.

The Communists are reported to have decided to set up Mr. Sonelal Saksena, a junior Communist, for this seat, as they are sure to lose it. Mr. S. S. Yusuf is being set up for the Cawnpore Unorganised Labour seat, on behalf of the Communists, they hope to have the support of the Muslim workers who are about 40 per cent., among the voters for the constituency. But the Communists are reported to be finding it very difficult to prevail upon these Muslim workers even as their 'Pakistan Slogan' is not proving of much use with them either particularly after the recent speech by Pt. Govind Ballabh Pant, as they now realise that there is no difference between the Hindu or Muslim worker so far as his economic question is concerned. They have now begun to realise that but for the policy of the Indian Communists to sabotage all strikes during the period of the war their wages would have been increased to a much higher level, e.g., the postmen secured a much higher rate of dearness allowance as a result of their threat to strike work.

That the Communists have lost all hopes of securing any of the labour seats in the province is quite clear from a statement published in a recent issue of the official organ of the Communist Party of India, the 'People's War,' wherein an attempt has been made to justify their expected defeats in the labour constituencies.

Down With Monarchy

Peter Must Accept His Fate, Says Tito

BELGRADE, Nov. 17, (Reuter): Marshal Tito, Prime Minister of Yugoslavia, questioned about the position of King Peter, said that he understood that "Consternation reigned in Royalist circles" when the news of the election was received.

"I do not know what King Peter intends to do, but whatever he does will be in vain", he said "nothing here can be changed. The people has said its word. My opinion is that it would be best for him to accept his fate. Monarchy has showed itself to be a detrimental element impeding the development of the country. Here the people do not want the King and do not wish to recognise him any more."

NO SHIPMENT OF ARMS TO ARGENTINA

LONDON, Nov. 18, (A.P.A.): Britain and the United States have agreed to prohibit shipment of any arms or ammunition to Argentina, a foreign office spokesman said today.

The exact date of the agreement to lay down what in affect is an arms embargo was unavailable, but the spokesman said it was quite recent," probably after the recent turmoil in Buenos Aires when Vice President Juan Peron, Argentina's "strong man", was forced out of the Government and returned again after popular demonstrations.

BOARD TO SCRUTINIZE ELECTRICITY DRAFT CODE

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15, (A. P. I.): To promote the healthy growth of electric supply services and to standardise their rates profits and reserves, the Labour Department in the Government of India has prepared a draft code of rules and regulations, which is now to be scrutinised a representative Advisory Board as suggested by the Policy Committee of Electrity and Public Works held in February 1945, says a Press Note.

The Board will be constituted as follows:—

(1) Mr. H. M. Mathews, Electrical Commissioner with the Government of India Chairman.

(2) Mr. D. L. Mazumdar Joint Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Labour,

(3) Mr. P. B. Advani Special Officer (Electricity Grid) Bombay,

(4) Mr. K. V. Karantha, Chief Electrical Inspector to the Government of Madras and

(5) Mr. A. R. Colley, Commercial Managar of the Calcutta Electrical Supply Corporation Ltd, as members.

The draft code contains the general principles relating to the control of finances of public utility electric supply services and provides for the proper maintenance of reserves.

The draft code was prepared by the Electrical Commissioner to the Government of India sometime ago and the views of Provincial Governments, Federation of Electric Supply Undertakings some selected public utilities and two well known firms of Chartered Accounts on the provisions of the code have been lately obtained.

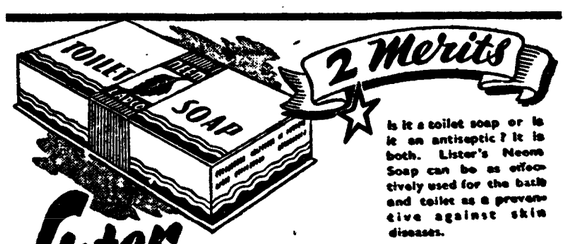
The Board will be competent to call in as assessors, technical experts and representatives of special interests if necessary.

Acquired Premises Vacated With Police Help

(From Our Correspondent).

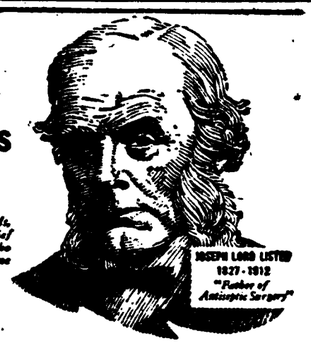
AHMEDABAD, Nov. 16.—With the help of Police about 150 men, women and children are thrown out of their chawls in open riverbed and made to sit under sky in cold following orders by Land Acquisition office as the premises were acquired. A telegram to H.E. the Governor of Bombay and the District Magistrate, Ahmedabad, was despatched by Tenants' Conference requesting for reinstatement of the dispossessed as it is impossible to get a single room in the city.

The 4th Session of Tenants' Conference held in September resolved to postpone acquisition scheme till new buildings are constructed followed by repeated wires, letters and requisitions as other tenants too served with notices to vacate.


TOILET SOAP
2 Merits
Is it a toilet soap or is it an antiseptic? It is both. Lister's Neem Soap can be as effectively used for the bath and toilet as a preventive against skin diseases.
Lister NEEM SOAP
CALCUTTA

AN INSTRUMENT IN THE HANDS OF GOD...

"As an instrument in God's Hands, Lister has wrought more for the relief of suffering than any one man who has ever trod this earth." So spoke one of Lister's associates.



But for his unshakeable faith in a "fantastic" theory, initiated by the immortal Pasteur, the fatalities of today might reach appalling proportions. For it was Lister's fierce conviction that fatal infections were caused, not by atmospheric changes or mysterious conditions set up by the wound itself, but by germs carried by the air into the wound.

And it was Lister who proved that by killing or controlling these germs before, during and after an operation—Death could often be averted.

It was for this benefactor of mankind that Listerine Antiseptic was named. Listerine Antiseptic is recognized as a dependable first aid, providing rapid germ-killing action with complete safety.

LISTERINE ANTISEPTIC

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Carlton's
STRAIGHT VIRGINIA

THE NAME TO REMEMBER IN Cigarettes

JAMES CARLTON LIMITED. LONDON

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The above ceiling price is exclusive of local or provincial taxation.

PREPARED FROM PUREST & FINEST INGREDIENTS WITH ACUTE MEDICINAL PROPERTIES FOR SOOTHING AND BEAUTIFYING THE SKIN

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MEDICINAL & TOILET TALCUM POWDER

M/d. by: THE NATIONAL TRADING CO.
MANGALDAS RD., BOMBAY 2.

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SANSAD
KALAKENDRA
EXHIBITION
Open to Public from 16th to 19th Friday to Monday from 9 a. m. to 12 noon and 3 p. m. to 7 p. m. at BHARATIYA VIDYA BHUVAN, Harvey Road, Gamdevi.

Specimen of Leather work, Batik and Abhla work will be presented.

DRAWING FULL HOUSES
JAYANT DESAI'S
Musical Social
TADBIR
Starring SAIGAL
Daily: 4, 7, 10 Sun. Holi. 1 p. m.
Plans open 10 to 12, 4 to 6 p. m.
KRISHNA
A 'Lucky Film Exchange' Release

Daily: —4, 7, & 10 p. m.
Sat., Sun. & Holi. at 1 p. m.
PANCHOLI'S
MUSICAL SENSATION
OF THE YEAR
KAISE KAHUN?
Director: MOTI B. GIDWANI
Music: PANDIT AMARNATH
RAGINI, NAJMAL, JAGIRDAR, BABY AKHTAR, PRAN & DURGA MOTA
IMPERIAL

The story of a king who sacrificed himself for his country.
AMAR PICTURES
AMAR'S MAMMOTH HIT
Ratnavali
Producer-Director: SURENDRA DESAI, M.A.
Music: GOVINDRAM.
SURENDRA, RATNAMALA
USHA MANTRI, K. N. SINGH
MAYA.
4, 7, 10 p.m. Sat. Sun.
Mat. 1 p.m.
Advance Booking: 10 to 11-30
4-30 to 6
At well decorated
LAMINGTON
An EXCELLENT Release

12TH WEEK! HAIL LIBERTY
New Theatres' Matchless Hit!
Direction & Screenplay:— BIMOL ROY
HAMRAHI
Daily:— 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
MINERVA Sun. at 1 p. m.
Ad. Booking: 10 to 12

Sect. 163 of the CODE ordained that
The MAID
Should take to Dancing!
Murli Movietone
AMRAPALI
Directed by NANDLAL JASVANTLAL
Prem Adeeb, Sabita Devi
3RD WEEK
ROXY
Daily: 4, 7 & 10.
Booking: 9-30 to 12 & 3-30 to 6
A 'Radium' Release

4TH WEEK OF FULL HOUSES
MINERVA'S MAMMOTH HIT
EK-DIN-KA SULTAN
Direction: SOHRAB MODI
Starring. MEHTAB
With WASTI & OTHERS
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. Hol. 1 p. m.
NEW WEST END
Plans open 10 to 12. 4 to 6

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Kartak Shud 15, 2002.
Muslim: Zilhej 13, 1364.
Parsi: Khordad 17, 1315.
Sunrise 6-48 A.M., Sunset 6-0 P.M.
Hightide 11-11, — Lowtide 5-12 17-23.

Municipal Standing Committee: Special meeting at 2-40 p.m. (B.T.) for consideration of Budget Estimates for 1946-47.

To-day's Engagements

R.I.S. SILVER JUBILEE: The Royal Institute of Science Exhibition will remain open today (Monday) from 3 to 7 p.m. to School Children only. At 6 p.m. Dr. K. N. Bahl will speak on "Organic Evolution" in Room No. 32, R.I.S. (First Floor) Lt. Col. S. Sokhey will preside. The lecture by Sir C. V. Raman due to be held on November 21, is cancelled. The Exhibition will not be extended beyond Monday.

TECHNOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION: Dr. B. C. Guha on 'Certain Aspects of Food Technology' at 5-30 p.m. today (Monday) in the auditorium of Dept. of Chemical Technology, Matunga.

NAGPUR PIONEER INSURANCE CO.: Opening of Bombay office of the Company by Mr. J. C. Setalwad, to-day (Monday) at 5-30 p.m. at Sunderbai Hall, Queen's Road.

FREE HEALTH FILM EXHIBITION: Under the auspices of the Health Department, Bombay Municipality, Health Education and Cultural Film Exhibition, Free to the public, at Bhatia Bag, Victoria Terminus, to-day (Monday) at 6 p.m.

MAZDAZNAN: Lectures in Science to-day (Monday) at 6 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School, Waudby Road.

"YOU": Harin Chattopadhyaya will present second series of his Sparks and Sparklets at the meeting of Youths' Own Union at Cama Oriental Institute to-day (Monday) at 6-15 p.m. Open to members and friends.

SANATAN DHARMA MANDAL: Public meeting at Madhav Baug, today (Monday) at 7 p.m. Swami Maheswaranandji Maharaj will preside. Subject: "Present Condition in India." Manubhai Pandya, Pandit Madan Mohan Sastri and Pandit Syananand Jha will speak.

SANSAD KALAKENDRA EXHIBITION: The last day of the Sansad Kalakendra Art Exhibition is to-day Monday, when it will remain open between 9 a.m. and 12 noon and 3 p.m. and 7 p.m.

WORKERS' RALLY: In order to celebrate "Indonesia Day" a workers' rally will be held under the auspices of the Bombay Committee of the Communist Party of India, Bombay Girni Kamgar Union and other Trade Unions today Monday at Delisle Road Maidan at 5-30 p.m.

ALL-INDIA MANUFACTURERS' ORGANISATION: The 3rd quarterly meeting of Central Committee at 10 a.m. at the office of the Organization on Sunday (2nd December 1945) under the chairmanship of Sir M Visvesvaraya, President.

MARATHI PLAY IN AID OF I.N.A. RELIEF FUND

The Satkarya Uttejak Natya Mandal will stage "Tratika", a Marathi adaptation of Shankespeare's "Taming of the Shrew", on Monday (26th inst.) at 2-30 p. m. in Balliwala Grand Theatre, Grant Road. Dr. J. A. DeSouza, Mayor of Bombay will preside. Entire net proceeds will be given to the I.N.A. Relief Fund. Those desirous of contributing their mite by buying tickets will please get into touch with Tel. No. 40777 or 28426. Plans for booking at Brahmin Sabha, Shanker Wadi, Charni Road, Bombay. (40675).

NAVY DAY BALL.

The Royal Indian Navy will present a Navy Day Ball at Petit Hall on December 1, under the patronage of Sir John and Lady Colville. It will be in aid of the Victory Thanksgiving Fund. Proceeds will be earmarked for Naval charities.

PUBLIC MEETING TO-DAY AT CHOWPATTY
To Support Indonesian Republic

To support the cause of Indonesian Republic under the auspices of the Indonesian Workers' Union of India a public meeting will be held at 6-15 p.m. on Monday at Chowpatty. Dr. J. Alban DeSouza, Mayor of Bombay, will preside.

DARUL YATAMA ISLAMIA RELIEF FUND: A delegation of the Darul Yatama Islamia (Howrah) Calcutta, accompanied by Khan Bahadur Mohammedali Allabux, and led by Mr. H. N. Siddique met Syedna Mulla Taher Saifuddin Sahib, head of the Bohra community on November 8, and explained to him all the needs and requirements of the institution. Mullaji Sahib gave a patient hearing to the delegation and donated Rs. 1,000 towards the Relief fund of the Orphanage. The delegation consisted of Mr. Amin Hazien, Khawja Kidwai, and Dr. Z. H. Jowhar Honorary Secretary of the institution.

AN APPEAL

THE K. E. M. HOSPITAL PATIENTS' LIBRARY & NURSERY FUND

It is a calamity to fall ill. The poorer the person, the greater is the calamity. The public Hospitals do minister efficiently to the needs of the ailing body, but are not in a position to ensure those few amenities which seem to make the miserable moments, shorter. An idea has been put forward to provide suitable books, periodicals magazines etc. for the grown-up patients and picture-books, puzzles and toys for the children. A committee has been formed to take steps to give a practical shape to this scheme. The Committee appeals to you to give it your support in cash or kind.

Contributions should be sent to:—
Dr. P. K. SEN, M. S.
C/o Dr R. G. Dhayagude M. D.
K. E. M. Hospital, Parel,
BOMBAY

BOMBAY ASSEMBLY ELECTORAL ROLLS FOR LABOUR

In pursuance of Rule 30(4) (a) of the Bombay Legislative Assembly Electoral (Preparation, Revision and Publication of Electoral Rolls) Rules, 1936, the voters' lists of the undermentioned constituent Trade Unions have been prepared and will be kept open from November 20 for inspection by any member of the constituent Trade Union or any other constituent Trade Union at the office of the Registrar of Trade Unions for the Province of Bombay (Secretariat, Fort, Bombay) and the Collector's (Electoral) office (Old Custom House, Bombay).

They will also be exhibited at the places mentioned against the names of the Union below:

Bombay Port Trust Employees' Union—Head Office of the Union Port Trust Kamgar Sadan, Nawab Tank Bridge, Mazagaon, Bombay 10.

Seamen's Union—Head Office of the Union, Servants of India Society, Girgaum, Bombay; Indian Sailors' Home, Dana Bunder, Opposite Prince's Dock, Bombay 9; Branch Office of the Union, Neptune Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

B. S. N. Workers' Union—Head Office of the Union, Port Trust Kamgar Sadan Nawab Tank Bridge, Mazagaon, Bombay 10.

National Seamen's Union of India—Head Office of the Union, 51, Old Nagpada, Bombay 9; Indian Sailors' Home, Dana Bunder, Opposite Prince's Dock, Bombay 9.

Any person aggrieved by any entry or omission in the list should submit an application in writing to the Registrar of Trade Unions for the Province of Bombay (Secretariat, Bombay) not later than seven days from November 20, stating the grounds of his claim or objection. Any applicant aggrieved by the omission of his name in the list must establish in support of his claim, that he is 21 years old, is a British subject, has resided in the Province of Bombay for not less than six months (except in the case of members of constituent Trade Unions of seamen), was not employed wholly or mainly in a clerical, supervisory recruiting or administrative capacity, was a member or official of the Union for not less than 12 months prior to September 15, 1945 and was not in arrears of subscription on that date.

Any person objecting to any entry in the lists must produce evidence in support of his objection.

APPEAL FOR HELP FOR ELECTION CAMPAIGN

For the coming election those who are willing to help as volunteers or in any other capacity should enroll their names in the office of the Girgaum Congress Committee between 8 and 10 a. m. and 5 and 8 p. m.

City Students Collect Funds For I. N. A.

BOMBAY Sunday.

Armed with white card board boxes, school and college students "waylaid" every pedestrian from Parel to Vile Parle area today, in the course of a two-day city-wide collection programme for the I.N.A. Relief Fund. Not being content with street corner collections, some of the students "collared" citizens who preferred to spend the Sunday at home.

The collections were in response to an appeal from the I.N.A. Relief Committee. The drive in the south of Bombay will be taken up on Tuesday.

SEWREE'S QUOTA

The residents of Sewree collected Rs. 1,008 for the Indian National Army Relief Fund and paid it to the B.P.C.C. Dr. R. G. Kokam took the lead in organising the collection.

B.P.T.U.C. Appeal

Mr. G. M. Modi and V. Chaudhari, Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Committee have issued the following statement:—

"The British Armies under the plea of disarming the Japs and repatriating war prisoners, have made a shameless bid to crush the newborn Republic of Java, thus attempting to make Indonesia safe for their former Dutch Imperialist masters.

The workers of Indonesia, China, Australia and Britain have declared their solidarity with the freedom movement of Indonesia and Seamen and Dockers of these countries have refused to work on ships carrying arms and war materials to Indonesia.

The Indian National Congress, the Premier Political organisation of the country has declared its support to the freedom struggle of the Indonesians. The Muslim League too has declared its solidarity with the Indonesian people.

Mr. Mrinal Kanti Bose, the President of the A.I.T.U.C. in reciprocating the appeal made by National Maritime Union of San Francisco gave a call to the Indian working class to support the cause of Indonesian freedom.

Some days ago the Indonesian Seamen of Bombay struck work and refused to work on ships bound for Java. Today Indian Seamen in Bombay have refused to work on the ship, thus declaring their solidarity with the Indonesian seamen.

It is the duty of the Indian working class to support the Indonesian freedom struggle and demand the withdrawal of Indian troops that are being used against it. We therefore appeal on behalf of the B.P.T.U.C. to all the trade unions in the province to observe today (Monday) as "Indonesia Day" by holding demonstrations and mass meetings and thus declare their support to the cause of Independence.

Jinnah Hall Can Now Be Booked

On behalf of the Management of the People's Jinnah Hall, Mr. S. K Patil has issued the following statement:—

The Jinnah Hall is once again open for public booking and rules regulating its use and also the schedule of charges of both the Hall and the Terrace for functions of various descriptions have been fixed. Enquiries for booking should be made at the Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay No. 4.

CITY SWEEPERS' STRIKE

Official Statement On Their Demands

BOMBAY, Nov. 18 (U.P.I.): The Government of Bombay has issued through the "United Press of India" the following official statement concerning the strike of sweepers at the Government chawls in Bombay:—

"Demands by the sweepers for an improvement in the condition of their service have been made for some time. The main demands were for increase in pay, permanence of service, more regular leave, increase of staff, maternity leave and equal pay to men and women.

"It was decided to grant an increase of pay from Rs. 21 for men and Rs. 19 for women to a pay of Rs. 25 to men and Rs. 21 for women, which is drawn by sweepers of the Bombay Corporation. Dearness Allowance is paid according to the Government scale and was increased from Rs. 14 to Rs. 20 from April 1945. It was not considered feasible to place the staff on a permanent basis and to grant the other demands following on this, because it would involve the examination of the system by which a large number of menial and subordinate staff is employed on a temporary basis in Bombay and elsewhere by the Public Works and other Departments and has stood the test of time. A practical difficulty in that respect was that, although many of the sweepers have served for many years, they absent themselves for long periods, being re-employed on their return.

"Dissatisfied with this decision the sweepers, in consultation with the Western India Harijan League Union, went on strike from November 1 after previous notice.

"The Adviser to the Governor concerned gave an interview to Mr. Jhabvala representing the Union and to a representative of the sweepers on November 9 when suggestions were made that a certain portion of the longer employed staff should be made permanent and fuller provision should be made for leave facilities with a consequent increase in staff. It was, however, made clear to the representatives that a strike of Government servants could not be recognised and that such consideration could not be made the subject of bargaining so as to end the strike.

"Mr. Jhabvala met the Adviser again on November 13 when he was informed that the suggestions were under active consideration. He, however, pressed that the Government should undertake to announce these concessions within a specific number of days. He was informed that this would involve bargaining and could not be agreed to and that it was left to him to attach his own value to the good faith of the Governmnt and to advise the strikers accordingly.

"The strike, however, continues. Every attempt is being made to cause minimum dislocation of sanitary conditions. Some sweepers have been obtained from other parts and attempts are in progress to recruit more. In the meantime the sweepers on strike continue to occupy their rent-free quarters."

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

Hon. Sir Haraidhbhai Vajubhai Divatia will retire from the office of Puisne Judge of H. M.'s High Court of Judicature at Bombay, from 17th February 1946.

Mr. S. S. Sabnis, M.B.B.S., Medical Officer, Labour Supply Depot at Thana, is appointed to be Medical Officer, Bombay Civil Labour Units (Home Service), from 10th Aug. 1945, vice Dr. F. M. Vajifdar.

Mr. N .S. Kaikini, on return from leave, is reposted as Divisional Forest Officer, Working Plans, Southern Circle, Belgaum.

Mr. C. N. Millard, Collector of Ahmednagar, is granted leave ex-India from 1st February 1945, or the date of relief, up to 8th August 1946, preparatory to retirement.

Mr. Purushottam Sitaram Malvankar, M.A., LL.B., to officiate as Civil Judge (Junior Division).

Rao Bahadur G. B. Mahankal, Supdt. of Police, Bombay, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay, from 1st Oct. 1945, vice Mr. S. C. A. Lyon proceeding on leave.

The following arrangements in consequence of reversion of Major C. B. Miller, I.M.S., from military duty from the 8th November 1945 are made:

Major C. B. Miller, on reversion, to be Civil Surgeon, Sholapur, vice Capt. V. L. Suryavanshi.

Capt. V. L. Suryavanshi, on relief by Major Miller, to be Civil Surgeon, Bijapur, vice Mr. S. V. Sahasrabudhe.

Mr. S. V. Sahasrabudhe, on relief by Capt. Suryavanshi, to be Medical Officer in charge of the Nasgaum Subsidiary Police Hospital, Bombay.

On his reversion from military duty, Major C. C. Harvey, is appointed to be officer on special duty in the office of the Surgeon General as Secretary to the Medical Education Committee.

Misuse Of Cloth Permit?

In Bombay City and the suburban rationed area, a cloth permit is issued on application to an expectant mother. The permit is for two units, the value of each unit being 7½ yards. One unit represents the supplementary quota allotted to the expectant mother and the other unit enables her to obtain in advance the child's cloth ration for the first ration period after its birth. It has been noticed that instead of obtaining the variety of cloth required for the expectant mother and the child, some persons misuse the permit and obtain dhoties on such permits or obtain sarees against the child's quota. The Government of Bombay has, therefore, amended the Bombay Cloth Rationing Order. In accordance with the amendment no person is entitled to obtain any dhoti or more than one saree against such permit.

The amendment is being published in the Bombay Government Gazette of November 15, 1945, says a Press Note issued by the Supply Commissioner, Bombay.

CIVIC GUARDS TO BE DISBANDED

Free Life-Licences As Reward For Loan Of - Guns For Their Use

The Government of Bombay, having decided to close down the Civic Guard organisation from Nov. 30 has directed the return to the owners of all arms lent for the use of the Guards.

The Government has also asked the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, and the District Magistrates to grant free life-licences to those to whom loaned guns are returned and to those who gave their guns and who either have licences or apply for licences for other arms. The grant of these free life-licences will be subject to the usual conditions governing the grant of licences for firearms.

SARNATH ANNIVERSARY

The 14th anniversary of the Mulagandhakuti Vihara at Sarnath (Benares) will be celebrated on Monday, November, 19, under the presidentship of Acharya Narendra Deva. Thousands of Hindu and Buddhist pilgrims are expected to take part on the occasion.

The programme of the celebration includes exhibitions of the Holy Relics of the Buddha, processions, lectures on Buddha Dharmma by eminent scholars, illuminations and various other Buddhist functions.

Resuscitating Indian Architecture

At a distinguished meeting held in the hall of the Bombay Municipality on Saturday under the chairmanship of Mr. Nagindas T. Master, President of B.P.C.C. and lately Mayor of Bombay, in which Mr. Sris Chandra Chatterjee, Master of Architecture, advocated the claims of Indian architecture and explained a scheme for an Academy of Indian Arts and Architecture, drafted by himself and supported by other experts. It was resolved that an All-India Academy with branches all over India, to enable judicious developments of Indian classical arts, should early be organised in Bombay. A committee (provisional) was elected for the purpose with Mr. Nagindas T. Master as its Chairman and Mr. Sris Chatterjee and Mr. V. R. Talvalkar, lately Chief Engineer and State Architect of Baroda, as Joint Secretaries.

In the course of his speech the chairman observed that just like the revival of the home-spun khaddar, the resuscitation of the home-spun architecture was essential for the cultural and socio-economic resurrection of India. The splendid response which Mr. Chatterjee received from various cultural institutions abroad, led him to believe that, founded on right lines, the Academy would function as an international institute of culture. It was also resolved that Indian municipalities should be approached to collaborate with the proposed organisations and help and encourage construction of structures in neo-Indian styles, Bombay Municipality might give a lead in the matter.

Proposed Indian Academy Of Arts & Architecture

Mr. V. R. Talvalkar, Organizing Secretary of the proposed Indian Academy of Arts and Architecture, writes:—

Indian Arts—architecture, sculpture, painting, music and dance—developed continuously, for thousands of years, as the finest expressions of India's cultural, aesthetic and constructional achievements and they secured and maintained for India the most honoured place in the hall of civilisation. But in the last two hundred years, owing to the insidious onslaughts of exotic materialistic ideas, they have deteriorated in a very large measure and are on the verge of losing their spiritual soul. It is of first rate importance, therefore, to foster their judicious developments, consistently with the prevailing economic and social conditions of present Indian life and living. It will be in the fitness of things to maintain and develop all the five branches of Indian arts simultaneously. Sporadic and spasmodic efforts that are being made by separate institutions in Indian cities—and most of them have drifted from the true spirit of Indian national ideal—can never consistently develop all the fine arts to an organic unity complete in its significant meaning and symbolical expression.

A scheme for a proposed Indian Academy of Arts and Architecture has been drafted, on an all-India basis, by Mr. Srischandra Chatterjee, Founder, School of Indian Architecture, Calcutta, and has been supported by experts including Sir M. Visvesvaraya, Mr. N. V. Modak, Prof. Nicholas Roerich, Sir J. C. Ghose of Bangalore and Mr. Percy Brown. It aims at such an all round progressive development of all branches of Indian arts on correct lines.

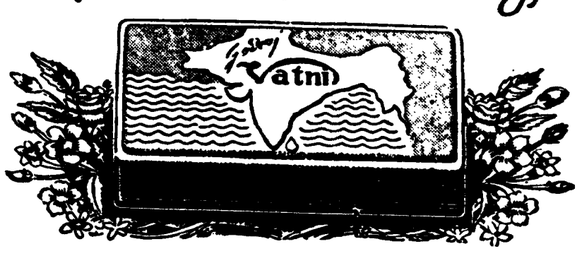
With a view to forming an Association which will undertake the proposed organisation, an informal preliminary meeting of a few friends and supporters of the idea was held on Saturday under the chairmanship of Mr. Nagindas Master.

CO-ORDINATING NATIONALIST YOUTH ACTIVITIES

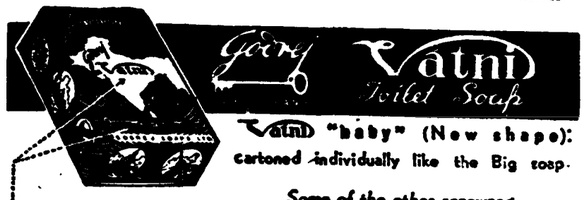
The Convener, Bombay Youth Congress, writes:—In order to co-ordinate the activities of various nationalist youth associations in the city, it has been decided to call a meeting of their representatives next week-end. I request all the nationalist youth associations at present existing in the city to communicate to me in order to enable me to make further arrangements for the meeting at the following address:—The Convener, Bombay Youth Congress, 14, B.I.T. Two-Rooms, Bombay 19.

COLOMBO, Nov. 17 (A.P.I.): Ceylon, in two years time, hopes to have a cement factory that can stand up to foreign competition without any protective tariff. A sum of 3-1/2 million rupees has been appropriated by the Government for establishing a cement factory in the island.

The NEW Figure of India's Popular Beauty



Your beloved, buxom 'Vatni' has had a miraculous beauty treatment. Without any loss *whatever* in weight or in the many lovable qualities of her birth, she has banished her curves and acquired this elegant, new figure. You'll recognise this gem of a girl—snuggled in the green-and-white "gown"—by these familiar birth-marks.



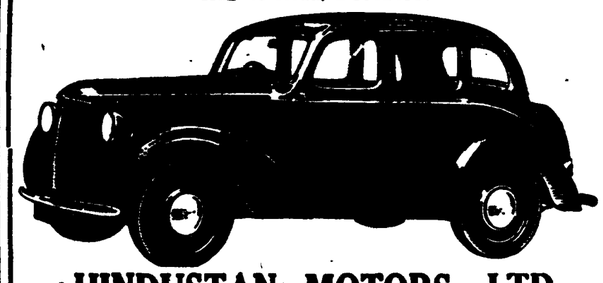
Vatni "baby" (New shape): cartoned individually like the Big soap.

The soap and this Green-and-White carton genuine only if they bear these marks.

Some of the other renowned Godrej 'chavi' brand Toilet Soaps:—
No.1 Lemon Hibiscus Shaving Stick Shaving Round
Godrej 'chavi' brand GLYCERINE
GODREJ SOAPS, LTD.
Bombay: P. O. Jacob Circle
Ahmedabad: Maneck Chowk—Depot for Gujrat, Kathiawad and Cutch.

ATTENTION, please!
Godrej SOAPS, LTD. do NOT manufacture or sell washing soaps. Soaps other than these 'chavi' brand Toilet Soaps are NOT the products of this Company.
No.1 No.2 Vatni Lemon Hibiscus
FAMILY Turkish Bath Shaving Stick Shaving Round

The First Post-War Car
"HINDUSTAN 10"
On View Now
"HINDUSTAN 10" our first car, exclusively designed for Indian conditions is now on view at the show rooms of our distributors.
FRENCH MOTOR CAR CO., LTD.
Hughes Road, BOMBAY.



HINDUSTAN MOTORS LTD.
(Incorporated in Baroda State)
8, Royal Exchange Place, CALCUTTA.
AAP

A Touching Tale Of A Heroic Woman!
Directed by SHAUKAT HUSSAIN
Starring:
NOOR JEHAN
Yakub, Dixit, Bibbo,
Karan Diwan & SHAH NAWAZ
Advance Booking: 9 to 11, 5 to 6, 7-15 to 8-15 p. m.
Daily: 4, 7, 10 Sat., Sun. 1 p. m.
EASTERN PICTURES
ZEENAT
JOIN THE CROWDS AT
SUPER
A SALMA TALKIES DISTRIBUTORS RELEASE

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Men band themselves together in leagues and loyalties, in cults and organizations and nationalities, and it is often hard to say whether the bond is one of love for the association, or hatred of those to whom the association is antogonized. The two things pass insensibly into one another.

—H. G. Wells, in "First And Last Things".

The Bombay Chronicle

PROMISE AND PERFORMANCE

At the Poona election meeting on Friday Sardar Vallabhbhai rightly emphasized the Congress viewpoint that such meetings were necessary not so much to appeal to the people for votes to the Congress candidates—such appeals had become superfluous—as to consolidate and prepare the country for the next struggle that might be forced upon us at any time. The talk of the possibility of leaders like Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru being arrested for their independence propaganda shows that the struggle may not be long delayed. The Sardar made it clear that by entering the Legislature the people would not be able to make the British quit India. That would be achieved only by work outside the Legislature. And election meetings are most useful both in preparing for the struggle outside the Legislature and to coordinate the work on both the fronts. Some high officials complain that such preparation is embarrassing to Government, which has conceded special facilities for free election propaganda. But Congressmen act on the principle that freedom of speech is a birthright and not a special concession demanding any compromise from Congressmen. And, as the Sardar pointed out, the preparation must go on and will go on till India is free.

But it may be asked why we need any fresh struggle when the Prime Minister himself assures India that since the Cripps offer freedom has been hers for the taking. The answer is that India is preparing to take it, not having got it in the first part of the Quit India campaign. The challenge implied in the word "taking" is accepted by Congress. The new Secretary for India, loyal to the old Amery tradition, seriously tells us that "the march towards complete self-Government in India was delayed by the war and now that the war is over not merely must progress be resumed, but the pace must be greatly quickened." And one sign of the quickened pace is the Simla betrayal and the continuance of autocracy in a number of provinces! And such is the new Government's passion for freedom that it must continue to hold in prison thousands of Indians either untried or convicted of technical political offences. The hypocrisy of the Labour Government's policy towards India is nauseating, if not provocative. Its professions of regard for freedom, nationalism and democracy only excite indignation when they are coupled with the use of the British arms and even the Indian army against the Indonesians, who are only struggling for that by which the Allies swore during the war.

The widening gulf between the Labour Government's professions and performances is noticed with alarm by men like Prof. Harold Laski, who feel that something must be done very soon to satisfy Indian nationalism. Assuming that the Indian elections both Central and Provincial are completed by the Labour Conference in June next, Prof. Laski suggests the inauguration, before that time, of a wholly Indian Government and the convening by it of a small Constituent Assembly to meet in secret on the model of the Philadelphia Convention of 1787, which made the American Constitution. The suggestion about a national Government even before the convening of a Constituent Assembly is doubtless an improvement upon what seems to be the Government plan, namely, putting off the formation of such a Government till the new Constitution is framed by a Constituent Assembly and is accepted by Britain. But we do not see why it must be postponed till after the elections. As regards the Constituent Assembly, there is certainly advantage in its being of manageable dimensions and working "in camera". But what is essential is that its majority decision should be final and must be implemented by the British Government, as stated in the Cripps offer. In any case it will be well for Government to resume contact with the accredited leaders of the country, at once and formulate a satisfactory policy without further delay.

Advance Science

The Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, which is now celebrating its Silver Jubilee, may well be proud of its work during the twenty-five years of its existence. In addition to providing undergraduate courses in Science and Mathematics it has appreciably helped in post-graduate and advanced research in Science. Nearly half of the post-graduate work of the University is done in the Institute and about 450 scientific papers, dealing with the Institute's original research work, have been published in various scientific journals in India and abroad. So few and limited are the facilities available in the country for advanced research in science that we think that the time has come when the Institute should concentrate all its resources on such work, leaving under-graduate teaching to ordinary colleges.

Opening the Jubilee proceedings on Thursday, the Governor of Bombay rightly observed: "Here, in India the possibilities of the application of scientific discovery to the raising of the standards of life are almost limitless Indeed, an impetus to Indian science on a scale comparable with the urge of war is imperative if this vast country, with its enormous and still increasing population, is even to hold its own in the continual battle which man is always waging against nature to preserve and enrich his civilisation." This is profoundly true. And it is as true that an impetus on such a vast scale can be given only by the State under its own National Government. It is impossible by an alien Government, which may talk much about Planning but will be slow to act, if it acts at all. The Governor gave an assurance that "both the Government of India and Provincial Governments were alive to these considerations and scientific studies and research work would receive greater encouragement and support than was the case before the war." But he added: "Official backing, in a matter of such vast enterprise, is not enough. It is hardly necessary for me to emphasise in this Institute the great part which leaders of trade and industry have to play in the progress of scientific development." It is obvious that leaders of trade and industry have to help in the matter They have done so before even without the certainty that the trade and industries concerned would be duly protected. They will do more under a popular Government when they will have that certainty.

However, science will not progress far if at every stage it is regarded as only a hand-maid to industry and those branches are favoured, which help industry directly. Pure science, as generally distinguished from Applied Science, deserves to be promoted by the State, with or without the help of business interests and philanthropists in general. If knowledge is power, science is knowledge 'par excellence' and, as such, supreme power. The possibility of its being misused, as it has been in the past, should never stand in the way of its progress. Science is also the enemy of superstition, and when religion and morals are rid of superstition, there will be a better chance of science being used more for human betterment than for human destruction. It is the privilege and duty of the present generation of students to be able to study the wonderful triumphs of science achieved so far and, if possible, to make some addition to them, however humble. And it is the duty of every progressive Government to provide them with all necessary facilities for research.

Frankly Speaking

An Affront To The Country

The public must strongly condemn the appointment of Mr. Arthur Allen Waugh, I.C.S., to be a temporary member of the Executive Council during the absence from India of the Hon'ble Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, as India's delegate to the Preparatory Commission, and leader of the Indian Delegation to the General Assembly on the United Nations Organisations. The deliberate refusal to appoint an Indian to the vacant post is an affront to the people as any number of competent Indians, official or non-official, could have been found for the purpose. At any time the supersession of an Indian would have been objectionable. At present, on the eve of India's freedom, it is reprehensible and needs to be emphatically condemned by the public.

Racial Arrogance

How little, if at all, the mentality of the average Britisher has been changed by the war has been vividly brought home to Indians during the last week. Two Indian soldiers, who had won the Victoria Cross by display of unusual heroism in the war, were insulted by the management of a London restaurant. The "News Chronicle" has drawn attention to another incident which, unfortunately, happened in India itself near Calcutta —when members of the British Women's Transport Service walked out of a military dance because they saw personnel of Women's Auxiliary Corps of India present among whom was the daughter of General Cursetji of the Royal Army Medical Corps. The conduct of these British women as well as the attitude of the management of the London restaurant was outrageous. But such contemptible exhibition of racial arrogance will continue so long as imperialism lasts and that is why Indians are determined to see that it is ended without any loss of time.

The Test

Mr. Herman Ould, International Secretary of the P.E.N., is naturally rather reticent about his impressions of Indian politics during his six weeks' stay in India. But he could not help stating that all Indians of all communities and parties "had one thing—and often only one thing—in common, they longed for Indian independence." Evidently, it is getting impossible to divide Indians on this issue. Mr. Ould is right enough in his impression that there is no hatred of the British people in India. But he should beware of persuading himself and others that there is no hatred of British imperialism. There is certainly no objection to "working together as equals." Only, we must be as free as Britain and free to chose any other country for co-operation. In the last analysis Britain will be judged by what she does immediately and not by what she promises to do "as early as possible."

States People

In his presidential address to the nineteenth session of the Baroda Praja Mandal Darbar Gopaldas, who was, at one time, a prince in his own right and therefore fully conscious of the significance of his observations, sought to drive home two truths regarding the Indian states, which the princely order and its upholders in the British bureaucracy would do well to note. The first is that the barriers between the states and British India are man-made and that no such walls could stop the air of freedom rushing into these states. The second truth he uttered was that the time for small benefits or slow reforms, such as most of the rulers of these states have been condescending to confer or initiate in response to popular agitation, had long passed. Most of the princes, if they have not been downright reactionaries and enemies of democracy have elected to mark time, trying to postpone as far as possible the "evil day" of the surrender of their absolutist powers to popularly elected legislatures. Instead of sympathising with the legitimate aspirations of the people and seeking their co-operation for the common good, the rulers have been resorting to repression and oppression in all manner of ways. No doubt, as pointed out by Durbar Gopaldas, Baroda has the reputation of being a more enlightened and progressive state than many others, but the pace of democratisation of the administration is still extremely slow. If His Highness the Maharaja, who has been occasionally giving expression to lofty sentiments breathing of democracy and enlightenment, does not take the trouble of putting such professions into practice, and march shoulder to shoulder with his people, he may one day wake up to find that the latter have gone ahead of him. All Indian princes, including the ruler of the Baroda, will do well to read the signs of the times aright.

BOMBAY CULTURE

(BY M. J. SHAH)

The poverty of the intellectual life in our cosmopolitan towns was never made more apparent than in the last few weeks in Bombay. We were shattered as we nearly always are by, not German nor Russian nor even American but by British vibrations. We had on the one hand a filmised short story by that brilliant pseudo-tactician of Vice, Oscar Wilde; and on the other, Shakespeare's Hamlet played by John Gielgud for long considered Britain's greatest living stage actor.

London audiences took Wilde's play with a grain of salt. New Yorkers treated it as a damn good story; as strong though improbable meat. Bombay, too, thought of all these things but—never was there such a cultural turn out of enthusiasts at the Metro to see it. Minds which had been out of direct touch with the life-giving breath of Europe for 6 years minds which had had to pretend for so long to be interested solely in Indian culture, could not suddenly constrain themselves and "let themselves go."

"Wilde, you know, such a marvellous Irish poet, wrote plays too, as good as Shaw's Poor fellow was gaoled for"—a hurried glance sideways and behind—"pederasty", "What's that? A kind of quack?" "No my dear, a—a—a homosexual." Thus spake the voices from Malabar Hill and Peddar Road 50 years after Mayfair. And that's just it, we are such culture enthusiasts because we have little of it around us, we are 50 years too late in appreciating grave problems of artistic and social significance, in which lost time we have imbibed not one additional iota of knowledge of our own culture or laid its seeds. That is why when a high sounding foreign film comes our pseudo-culture leaders rush to the box-office and treat it as the central event of the year.

As soon as I read dramatic criticism a la Bombay of Gielgud's Hamlet, I pulled out my files on James Agate and contemporaries, and the unpublished notes of a well read and 'artistically honest' Indian student who had also seen Gielgud in England. I compared not Bombay but Londonised and, therefore, falsified Bombay with London. Believe me never was a public more spoonied with deceitful doses of culture than the Bombay public. And never was an artist as conscientious as Gielgud more shabbily treated, as an artist I say this because as a person he was hospitably and generously received in a manner befitting his stature.

If only that portion of our intelligentsia which wears khaddar one day and impeccable silks another, would reserve for Kalidasa one third of their false and unfounded admiration for Shakespeare, by so much would their appreciation of Shakespeare rise higher in value. Please then we Hindus, we Muslims, we Parsis, we octoroon descendants of Portuguese and pre-Dravidians, let us temper our judgments, to parody George Robey with a modicum of good hard commonsense, before opening our mouths before a public we imagine to be so ignorant but which manages nevertheless to read theatrical literature and visit both Drury Lane and the Comedie Francais.

Self-Determination

In your recent editorial entitled "Self-Determination" you have stated that Congress election manifesto should be "full and clear on the most prominent question of the day, namely, the question of Hindu-Muslim unity." Kindly permit me to point out that the most prominent question of the day is the question of Congress-League unity rather than of Hindu-Muslim unity. The loose use of the expression Hindu-Muslim unity appears to have created much mischief, particularly in foreign countries It has created the impression that the quarrel is between the Hindus and the Muslims whereas in reality the quarrel is between the Congress and the Muslim League.

Bagalkot. B. J. VENKATESWARAN.

WOMEN'S ROLE IN 1942 STRUGGLE

Mrs. Kripalani Calls For Reports From Provincial Congress Committees

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 18. (A.P.I.): Mrs. Suchita Kripalani, Secretary Women's Department, A.I.C.C., has asked in a circular letter addressed to all secretaries of Provincial Congress Committees to issue a comprehensive report on the part played by women in the 1942 struggle.

A questionnaire has also been appended to help and guide the Provincial Congress Committees to submit their report in the light of those questions.

The report submitted by the Provincial Congress Committees is sought to be brief, giving full details only where necessary. The Provincial Congress Committees are also requested to send their reports to the A.I.C.C., office as early as possible.

Organise Women In Provinces

Mrs. Suchita Kripalani, Secretary Women's Department, All-India Congress Committee, has asked in a circular letter to all Provincial Congress Committees to organise women's work in their respective Provinces without any further delay by appointing Women's Sub-Committees afresh or make necessary changes in the personnel of old committee so as to make them more effective. She has also asked the Provincial Congress Committees to intimate to the Women's Department, A.I.C.C., within a month regarding the formation of the new committees with the names of the office-bearers.

EIGHT-FOLD ACTIVITIES

After suggesting organisational programme for the Provincial Women's Department, Mrs. Kripalani has laid out the following activities to be followed by them:—

1. Organise a Provincial Volunteer Corps and where possible District Volunteer Corps. The Bombay P.C.C. Women Volunteer Corps organised by Mrs. Sofia Khan may be taken as a model. 2. Help to recruit and mobilise women in all Congress activities as constructive work, work among labour, students etc. 3. Work in co-operation with Congress Committees to render help to political sufferers, arrange to give education or work to the wives, daughters or other women dependents of Congress men who have (A) lost their lives in the 1942 movement or are (B) undergoing long term imprisonment or (C) so-called absconders. 4 Make women vote-conscious and arrange to get their voters recorded during the forthcoming elections. 5. Should organise study and training classes to increase the ability and efficiency of women workers. Short duration training camps may be held for the purpose. 6 Should collect information regarding the part played by women in the last movement and send full report to the A.I.C.C. 7 Should carry on propaganda among the wives and other women dependents of Congress workers in order to induce them to take up such training work as would make them economically self-sufficient, so that the problem of the families of political sufferers may not be so acute during and after a movement. 8 Should organise Charka classes and try to give full course training in spinning, carding etc. to every Congress woman. This would go a long way to solve the difficulties that have recently arisen regarding the purchase of Khadi, owing to the new yarn currency rule of the All-India Spinners' Association.

Our Readers' Views

"Nationalisation Of Primary Education"

With reference to the report on page 7, of the "Bombay Chronicle", dated November 5, 1945, under the caption "Nationalization of Primary Education" I, as the president of the latter session of the meeting of the Kerala residents of the City, held on Sunday, Nov. 4, at Podar College, Matunga, have the honour to bring the following facts to the notice of the general public and especially of the Keralites of Bombay.

Rao Sahib K. Srinivasan, who occupied the chair earlier, spoke in high terms of the educational 'reforms' in Travancore State. He was followed by another gentleman in the same trend. At this time a section of the house protested against some of his statements and sent a volley of questions. Without answering any of the queries, the speaker and the president abruptly left the hall without dissolving the meeting.

Thereupon the meeting was continued under my presidentship in which a resolution was passed welcoming the policy of free and compulsory education, but at the same time condemning in strong terms the present policy of the Travancore Government including that of education.

This resolution was passed unanimously while the resolution alleged to have been moved and passed under the presidentship of Rao Sahib K. Srinivasan was never put to vote at all.

J. KURIEN.

Bombay, Nov. 5.

Travancore Educational "Reforms"

In your esteemed daily of the 7th instant under the above caption a letter from one Mr. Sundareswaran was published. I shall be obliged if you will kindly publish this in reply thereto.

There is a big misconception that it is the Catholics only that cry against this policy, but in fact all the Christian communities in Travancore have strongly protested against this move The Catholics being an All-India, indeed a world-wide, organisation, cry the louder but the Marthomite Syrians and the Jacobite Syrians, etc., who are only confined to that territory have raised their voice under the existing freedom allowed in the State. Non-communal organisations like the Travancore State Congress, the Trade Unions, the Communist Party and even a large section of the S.N.D.P., the organisations of the Ezhavas, have strongly opposed the present policy of the Government. They who know the local situation pretty well, are quite aware that this so-called reform is nothing but a move to bring communal disharmony and distrust in the State so that the Diwan who is a master of "Divide and Rule Policy" should yet go on autocratically in Travancore. Those who love their country dearly have given their sweat and blood during the Satyagraha Movement (1938-1940) in Travancore will not be deceived by catch words of the Diwan and his propagandists. By the way, if your correspondent questions Catholics' right to protest could he say why? Of all people the Brahmins who held education in their own hands for centuries together without the same being imparted to others should make the counterhowl.

The present policy should be judged in the background of what the Diwan has been doing in the State for the last about ten years. In the name of industrialisation of the State, he has been dumping foreign concerns, and even some of the organisations like the Paper mill, the rubber factory, the sugar factory which were once State-owned institutions had already been sold out to outside agencies and others to follow suit. His administrative policy also has been of the same order, viz., dumping foreigners in all key posts. It is no wonder then that a large number of people of all communities in Travancore emphatically protest against this new policy.

The lot of the teachers everywhere in India is very deplorable and should certainly be improved. but not by cutting off the nose to spite the face. It should well be carried out as had been done by the Congress Ministry in Madras by allotting 85 per cent of the grant fixed as teachers' pay and the balance of 15 per cent as the managers' due for contingent expenses. If any mismanagement is done the school's licences should be withdrawn and the same passed on to better management.

E. K. DANIEL.

VERSATILE INDIAN ARTIST

Mr. Hebbar's Paintings On View

Mr. K. K. Hebbar, who has organised for the first time his one-man show of paintings at the Bombay Art Society's Salon, Rampart Row, is a talented and versatile artist. He has a keen sense of design and colour and has developed a style of painting which is forceful and also personal. The work submitted by him in the exhibition is of a high order. It entitles him to a place in the front rank of the art-world of India.

Some of the paintings—Indian as well as Western—which bear an impress of originality are the product of the sincere endeavour made by Mr. Hebbar at exploring new avenues of expression. It appears that every achievement gives a fresh stimulus to the young artist to go ahead.

Mr. Hebbar handles the techniques of the Indian and Western painting with equal alacrity and skill. He aims at clarity of expression whatever be the subject he selects and the medium and style in which he paints.

The portraits like "Contemplation" (21) and "Angma" (19) and landscapes like "Broken Lights" (36) and "After the Rain" (38) which are in the western style are as efficient as they could have been in the hands of any competent painter. They reveal respectively the artist's depth of character study and ability to interpret the beauty and majesty of Nature in the terms of colour.

Progressive tendencies and an approach from a new angle are the leading notes of the paintings in the Indian style. Mr. Hebbar has in a set of paintings, given a vivid portrayal of some of the aspects of the life of Kulu people. "Festival Dance" (6) among them is an impressive composition. It is instinct with the movement and rhythm of dance. "Dadhi Leela" (5) and 'Goseva" (15) which are adjacent to it are handled with equal success.

Among the other exhibits, which are pleasing to the eye, happen to be "At the Karla Caves" (22), "Procession" (2), "Mother" (14), "Approval" (7), "Valley of Gods" (17), "To the Temple, Malabar Hill" (35) and the brush drawings 54, 55 and 58. "Flames" (52) is a good impression of the fires started by the explosions which occurred in Bombay last year.

The exhibition is well worth a visit as it presents ample material of interest and distinction. It remains open till Tuesday November 20 from 11 a. m. to 7-30 p. m.

D. G. V.

CALCUTTA, Nov 17. (A.P.I.): Six persons died of coal gas poisoning and seven others were rendered unconscious on Wednesday night in Beliadanga village, in Tollygunge suburb of Calcutta.

Court Causerie

By NESTOR

LING'RING LABOURS

The judgment delivered by the Chief Presidency Magistrate some days back in the Churchgate House Collapse Case which was long over-due, has once again drawn our attention to the inordinate delay in trials in the Police courts of our city. This ill-fated house collapsed on 28th June, 1942 burying under it sixty labourers who never saw the light of day again. The building contractor was prosecuted for having done the work so negligently as to endanger human life. His trial began in October 1943 and went on for almost a year and a half. This is, indeed, a most unsatisfactory state of affairs. We see no reason why cases in the Police courts should not be heard from day to day as they are in the High Court and it beats one why Magistrates habitually take up new cases in the midst of part-heard ones If cases are not ripe for hearing they should not be taken up at all till police investigation is complete. But once they are placed on board and reach hearing they must be heard from day to day. It is impossible for the Magistrate to appreciate properly the evidence of a witness whom he saw in the witness-box over a year ago. Still more annoying is it for the witness himself to be called upon to attend the court on innumerable occasions, and to find that when the case does reach hearing, it is heard for only fifteen or twenty minutes. Most people are therefore reluctant to come forward as witnesses. For so many hearings, free legal assistance even if available to the accused, becomes well-nigh impossible. We think that this scandalous procedure of adjournments 'ad nauseam' has developed largely out of two evils—(1) the habitual asking of adjournments by the police for their own convenience, and (2) the disinclination of advocates to stick to a court from day to day or even for a whole day. Police courts in our city are scattered in different localities and advocates who practise in those courts have to run about from one court to another. When, therefore, a case reaches hearing in one court and goes on for half-an-hour, the advocate is anxious to get it adjourned in order to be able to get away to another court for another case. With the scale of fees which they get, it is too much to expect police court advocates to stick to one court only. Moreover, the restricting of each court to one locality makes an even distribution of work among Magistrates more difficult. With the introduction of the Greater Bombay Scheme our police courts are now at over half-a-dozen places at considerable distance from one another. We wonder whether this is really necessary. Could they not be combined and brought under two roofs? Another useful suggestion which has been made is that one Magistrate in each court should, by rotation, be allotted for the disposal of all remand applications, bail applications and other miscellaneous work after the pattern of the Chamber Judge on the Original Side of the High Court. Matters should be placed on board only when they are ripe for hearing, but once they are placed on board, they should be taken up strictly in their order on the board and adjournments to the police for their own convenience should then be firmly refused by Magistrates. If this is done it will be possible to hear cases from day to day and to effect this much-needed improvement in the administration of criminal justice in our city.

It must not be forgotten that

"Good is best when sooner wrought,
Ling'ring labours come to nought.
Works adjourned have many stays;
Long demurs breed new delays."

* * *

WAR QUALITY

As far as the judiciary is concerned, the Indian Civil Service has all along been far from satisfactory. That has been amply borne out by the fate which various war-time enactments and orders have met at the hands of the High Court. As if this is not enough, the Indian public is now promised a war-time quality of the I.C.S. whose only qualifications will be (1) war service, (2) intermediate or equivalent examination and (3) evidence that the candidate would have taken a degree but for his war service. Even a second class academic career is not laid down by way of minimum qualification Nor is it laid down what is to be the nature of the evidence required for the hypothetical degree which forms the third qualification for recruitment. Mere certificates would be of little value, for it is common knowledge that certificates are given most freely and irresponsibly. It has been one of our pressing demands that the executive and the judiciary should be separated and members of the I.C.S. who as a rule make good executive officers should be excluded from the judiciary which should be drawn only from trained practising lawyers. That was also the view expressed by our ex-Chief Justice Sir John Beaumont (now a Privy Councillor) in a speech made by him in England soon after his retirement. If the I.C.S. are to be shut out from the judiciary fewer appointments should be made to it and the Government would do well to be thrifty in making new appointments till the matter is decided by the national governments to come into existence soon after the elections. At any rate, it is to be hoped that in the meantime in nominating to the I.C.S. the Government will pay more regard to academic qualifications than to war service or communal considerations.

CONTEMPTUOUS DAMAGES

In a case decided by Mr. Justice Bhagwati last week, the facts were very curious. It was an action for breach of promise of marriage brought and persisted in by a man who was already subsequently married to someone else. The defendant too had married another man after the suit had been filed. Though the plaintiff succeeded in proving that the defendant had promised to marry him and had broken that promise, it is difficult to understand why he should have persisted in prosecuting the suit The learned judge very rightly awarded him contemptuous damages of one pice, but we think his order directing each party to bear its own costs was wrong in view of the wrongful attitude taken up by the defendant herself in denying that she had ever promised to marry the plaintiff.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

The Congress raised the cries of "Quit India" in 1942 and people had to face bullets for shouting it. To-day even the children in the street were shouting not only "Quit India", but also "Quit Asia" and quit they shall before long.

—Sardar Patel in Poona.

* * *

His Majesty's Government intend that the march towards complete self-government in India must have its pace greatly quickened, said the Secretary of State for India, Lord Pethick-Lawrence, at a recent gathering in London.

We are greatly—immensely—thrilled. But didn't the late Edwin Montagu say something very similar in—1918?

* * *

The Governor of Bengal has dissolved the Bengal Legislative Assembly with effect from November 17.

R. I. P. But then there is little to distinguish between suspension under Sec 93 and a formal dissolution.

* * *

"Hump" Air Route Terminated.
—Headline.

Humph!

* * *

Speaking at a joint session of the Belgian Parliament—of which he is made an honorary member —Mr. Churchill suggested the formation of a United States of Europe.

—In order better to fight the dollar diplomacy of the United States of America?

* * *

Royal Bengal Tiger Bagged.
Headline

We are authoritatively informed, however, that Mr. Fazlul Haque, "Sher-e-Bengal", is perfectly hale and hearty.

* * *

"Delhi Chalo" the slogan of the "Azad Hind Fouj", is going to be followed literally by Sreemati Saraswati Devi, ex-M.L.A., who intends to march to Delhi on foot to show her enthusiasm for the Indian National Army.

One hopes the idea will catch on in Bombay, too. It will surely help to solve the problem of overcrowding in the city.

* * *

A correspondent asks why the Red Fort was selected for I.N.A trials.

Obviously because the Government saw red.

* * *

To-day's Prize Howlers
(Perpetrated by the Junior College).

(1) Now that he has resigned the Presidency, General de Gaulle will again go to London and raise the banner of Free France—from the Communist Party!

(2) Mr. Churchill will again make an offer of Anglo-French Union and offer himself for the vacant French Presidency.

COMMUNISTS DEMAND ELECTION IN CHINA

"Hurley Does Not Represent Americans"

CHUNGKING, Nov. 16. (Reuter): Communists will demand a general election in all China, North of the Yellow River, including Manchuria and Inner Mongolia, to settle the future Administration of North China, declared a Communist Spokesman referring to the Political Consultative Council and its prospects of securing a settlement on the major issues now dividing China.

"We stand for political and cultural autonomy of the Mongolian Monadic races and tribes, but there should be no separation of them from China and the formation of them into a separate republic."

The Communist Spokesman added that the Communists had no knowledge of any separationist movement in Inner Mongolia. The Communists are banking on election victory in Inner Mongolia and Manchuria. The Communists have also replied to the criticism of their conduct by the American Ambassador, Major-General Hurley. Maj.-Genl. Hurley's statement "serves no other purpose than to spread and prolong civil war in China". The Communists add that Major-General Hurley does not represent the American people.

TOKYO, Nov. 15. (A.P.A.): The Japanese news agency Kyodo reported to-day that 132 persons were killed and 75 injured at Muruyama, Kyushu Island, yesterday when occupation troops exploring an ammunition dump accidentally touched off the explosive. The explosion destroyed 32 houses and damaged nearly 150 others, the news agency added.

Four Lakhs Depend On I. N. A. Relief Fund

CALCUTTA, Nov. 18. (A.P.I.): The total number of persons who may have to be provided relief from I. N. A. Relief Funds is about 4,00,000 including I.N.A. personnel and their dependents, according to reliable sources, said Mr. Amiya Nath Bose, one of the Secretaries of the Relief Fund Committee (Bengal).

STRENGTH OF I.N.A

Speaking to pressmen, Mr. Bose placed the strength of the Indian National Army at about 150,000 and added that, according to information they had been able to gather, only 20,000 of them had been brought back to India.

Information received by them also indicated that the rest, were still in Burma and other places in south-east Asia, had become paupers and desired to return to India.

I. N. A. Relief Fund collections in Bengal so far totalled about Rs. 30,000. They represented only small donations.

Miss Mira Dutta Gupta, M.L.A. (Bengal), and two others who last week visited an I. N. A. detention camp near Jessore, have issued a statement that they found the men in high spirits and morale. The strength of the Indian National army, the men placed at 60,000.

They added: "We could easily have collected 3,00,000 men but for lack of arms we could not take them in". They got very few arms from the Japanese.

Forced To Sell Clothes

It was a fact that they were no longer being paid pocket allowances in the camp and they were managing such expenses by selling their blankets, trousers and similar belongings.

They had asked earlier that pocket allowances should first be paid to civilians who had joined the Azad Hind Fauj. They had also demanded that pocket money should be paid according to their rank in the Fauj.

The I. N. A. men told Miss Gupta in reply to an enquiry, that it was not a fact that the Japanese were with them at the time of their attack on Imphal. The attack was made by Indian soldiers under the guidance of their own officers.

They added that Netaji Subhas Bose organised the Azad Hind Fauj not for the Japanese but for attaining the freedom of India. Netaji himself looked upon every soldier as his comrade-in-arms.

Subhas Bose took meals with them, slept with them, spoke at meetings continually for several hours and slept only for two hour a day.

I. N. A. men whom Miss Gupta met believed that he was alive—before India attained freedom he could not die.

At Jhinkargacha station, Miss Gupta found that a batch of seven hundred I. N. A. men were being taken away by train to some unknown destination.

The United Press of India adds:—

It is stated that the total strength of the Azad Hind Fouz was about 1,50,000 of which 80,000 were fully armed and the rest only trained.

About 35,000 of this force formerly belonged to the British Indian Army and the rest recruited from among Indian residents in Malaya, Burma, Siam and other places in south-East Asia.

Pakistan "Tope"

CAWNPORE, (A.P.I.): A "Pakistani tope" (toy gun), presented by a boy of seven, fetched a sum of Rs. 3,331-0-3 when auctioned at a reception arranged by four Muslim business associations of Cawnpore at Bisrat Khana in honour of Nawab Mohammad Ismail Khan Chaudhary Khaliquzzaman and other members of the Provincial Muslim League delegation who arrived here in connection with the election campaign. The "Pakistani tope" was presented again to the League leaders by the last purchaser to be re-auctioned at another meeting.

Demand For Inquiry Into Betul Firing

NAGPUR, Nov. 18 (U.P.I.): Seth Govind Das, M.L.A., (Central) in the course of a lengthy statement to th Press refutes the version given by the C. P. and Berar Government in a Press Note on the 7th instant regarding the firing incidents in Betul District on August 1942, and demands the appointment of a non-official commission to enquire into the alleged excesses on the part of officials in Betul and other Districts "during the historic rising of 1942."

French To Ask U.S. For Three Billion Dollar Loan

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17 (U.P.A.): Mr. Jean Monnet, French Commissioner-at-large, is expected next week to bring a comprehensive plan for financing the modernization of the French industry, including a long term loan of up to three billion dollars, most highly reliable quarters told the United Press of America today. The interest on this loan would not be more than two per cent, the informants said.

KARACHI, Nov. 18 (U.P.I.)—Five-hundred and fifty cigarette lighters worth Rs. 5,000 are reported to be missing from the dock area of the Karachi Post Trust. **The police have made three arrests.**

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Pakistan: A Slogan Of Capitalists!

CALCUTTA, Nov. 18. (U.P.I.): "Pakistan literally means a land of purity. But can any body think of a purer land than independent India?", observed Mr. Shaukat Osmani, well-known Indian revolutionary who presided over the session of the Communist International in Moscow, inaugurating the 24-Paraganas District Kisan Conference.

Mr. Osmani said that Pakistan was a slogan raised by the capitalists of a particular community and not by Muslim masses who could not easily be distinguished from Hindus either in appearance or in speech or in their day-to-day needs.

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JINNAH'S REJOINDER TO SARDAR PATEL

(Continued from Page 1.)

Muslims in these zones as a minority, as I have said before, can only accept safeguards and protections whatever is just, as Muslims in Hindu majority provinces will be similarly placed. The fallacy of the argument lies in the assumption that the whole of India belongs to Hindus. It means that in the Muslims majority provinces the Hindus can force the Muslims majority to submit to a union and establishment of a central federal or unitary government.

STATES ANALOGY

"At present it is the British Government that rules the whole of India including the Indian states. Is the Congress going to dictate also to the Indian states and force them to what is their conception of a central federal or unitary government in India or into an all-India union of their imagination." Further, are the Muslim minorities in the Hindu majority provinces entitled to enforce their verdict that there should be no union of any kind just as the Congress put forward the plea that the Muslim majority provinces should be forced into the union because of the Hindu minority verdict in these provinces And it is quite obvious the Muslim minorities in Hndu provinces will be under the double yoke of Hindu raj, both in the Hindu majority provinces as well as in the centre under the proposed central government.

'Is the view or opinion of Muslim minority in the Hindu provinces to prevail? Is similarly the opinion of Hndu minorities in the Muslim provinces to prevail? In that case it will be the minority that will be dictating to the majority both in Hindustan and Pakistan which reduces the whole position 'ad absurdum.'

THE MAFATLAL BATH ECHO

As to his other slogans that Hindus and Muslims are brothers and one nation, the less Sardar Patel talks about it the better. It does not come with any grace from his mouth at any rate, for did not Mr. Vallabhbhai perform the opening ceremony of the swimming bath which bay meant exclusively for Hindus. Has he forgotten that some young men demonstrated protesting against his participation in the opening ceremony of the swimming both which excluded the Muslim brethren even sharing the sea water. All this shows that the Congress has no desire honestly to come to a settlement with the League.

"Mr. Vallabhbhai is reported to have said: 'We are prepared to compromise with them, but there is little chance of any compromise with the League so long as the leader of the League does not reform his manners.' This is really the argument that reminds me of the Aesops Fable, the wolf and the lamb. Mr. Gandhi and I met for three weeks nearly. Other Hindu leaders have met me and I always welcome them. But if I have refused to taken in and that they have failed is not my fault. Mr. Gandhi from the very beginning made the position difficult by saying that he was meeting me in his individual capacity and certainly I have nothing to learn from Sardar Patel in the matter of manners and code of courtesy which I have extended to all those who have met me."

Mr. Jinnah is leaving Delhi by plane to Peshawar tomorrow.

CONGRESS WILL SAFEGUARD MINORITIES' RIGHTS

Assurance Of Dr. Deshmukh And Mr. Masani

The assurance that Congress would continue to safeguard the rights of minorities was given by Dr. G. V. Deshmukh and Mr. M. R. Masani, Congress candidates for the forthcoming Central Legislative Assembly election at a crowded meeting of the city Christians convened under the joint auspices of the Nationalist Christian Party, Maharashtra Nationalist Christian Party and Goa Congress Committee in the hall of the Instituto Luziano, Burrows Lane on Sunday evening.

A resolution calling upon the Christian voters of the city to vote for the Congress was passed unanimously on the occasion.

Two more resolutions one expressing sympathy towards the undertrial prisoners of the Indian National Army and demanding their immediate release, and another welcoming the national awakening in Indonesia and other Asiatic countries were also adopted. The meeting further congratulated Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on his 57th birthday wishing him long life and happiness. Mr. J. S. Maleiu presided.

Addressing the meeting Dr. Deshmukh said that their main purpose in contesting the election was to prevent jobbers, opportunists and hirelings from going to the Assembly and assisting the Government in strengthening the bonds of slavery. They were not going to achieve independence by going to the Assembly, but they would certainly fight for independence if they were there. The Congress candidates considered it to be their sacred duty to safeguard the rights of minorities whether the minorities supported them or not. The Muslim League and the Hindu Mahasabha were purely communal bodies, and it was preposterous to expect them to protect the rights of others. For 60 years the Congress had worked for the general uplift of the country as a whole. It was the only political organization of the country that could speak for all and protect the common interests of all.

INSULT TO VOTERS' INTELLIGENCE

Mr. M. R. Masani was glad to learn that Indian Christians knew what their duty was in the election. He was amazed to read the manifesto of the Mahasabha candidate promising protection to the minorities. The proposal in its very nature was an insult to the intelligence of voters. He would not have them believe that their going to the Assembly would solve the problem of independence. There was, however, no doubt that Congress members in the Assembly would strive to wrest power from unwilling hands. The Congress was contesting the election against the Muslim League on the issue of a united India. The Congress also claimed to stand for a democratic India. It stood fundamentally for "a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People." Above all, it stood for the effective application of Christian principles to the day-to-day problems—the principles for which Jesus Christ lived and died.

Concluding, Mr. Masani emphasized that Congress alone could effectively protect the rights of minorities.

Others also spoke on the occasion.

NEW DELHI, Nov. 18 (U.P.I.)—Mr. Justice George Baxandall Constantine, I.C.S., present Acting Judge of the Chief Court of Sind, has been appointed Additional Judge of the said Court with effect from November 21, 1945, to February 28, 1946, says a Press "communique."

DISCIPLINARY ACTION AGAINST G. M. SYED

Given Week's Time To Explain Why He Supports League's Rival

NEW DELHI, Nov. 18 (A.P.I.): Nawab Mohamed Ismail Khan, Chairman, Committee of Action, All-India Muslim League, has sent a telegram to Mr. G. M. Syed, President, Sind Provincial Muslim League asking him to show cause why disciplinary action should not be taken against hm for actively working against the official Muslim League candidate to the Central Assembly from Sind.

The telegram says: "The Chairman of the All-India Muslim League Central Parliamentary Board reports that he has authentic information that you, accompanied by Mr. Nichaldas Vazirani, are canvassing support against the League candidate, Mr. Yusuf Haroon, for Mr. Rashdi who has been expelled from the Muslim League for the violation of his solemn pledge and breach of discipline. The chairman further informs that he sent you a telegram on November 1, asking you to take immediate steps to give all assistance to the League candidate. On hearing that you and certain other Muslim Leaguers are actively working against the League candidate, he sent you another telegram on November 9, saying 'Yusuf Haroon reports that you personally and certain other Muslim Leaguers are canvassing support for Rashdi who is contesting election against the selected Muslim League candidate. Kindly report immediately by wire.'

"You sent no reply to either of these two telegrams.

"You have not only not given any support to the League candidate but on the contrary you with some other Leaguers are actually working against him. This action of yours is a flagrant breach of the constitution and the rules of the All-India Muslim League and is subversive of all discipline and is highly detrimental to the interest of the organisation. You are, therefore, required to show cause why disciplinary action should not be taken against you. As the matter is most urgent you may submit explanation, if any, telegraphically so as to reach me at Mustafa Castle Meerut, not later than November 25."

FREE KOREA NOW

O. G. Villard's Call To Americans

NEW YORK (A.P.A.): Taking as his title "We must free Korea now," Oswald Garrison Villard, known as a militant anti-imperialist, urges "immediate" independence for the former Japanese puppet state in an article in the November issue of the magazine "Asia and the Americas."

"We should invite Kim Koo (exiled Korean Independence leader) to Seoul. We should ask Korea's immediate admission to the United Nations and notify Russia that we shall not yield one inch in our insistence that Korea be prepared for immediate self-government."

The writer pointed out the United States gave a fixed date to the Filipinos for their emancipation and adds "We should do the same for the Koreans."

At the same time it should be made clear, he maintained, that freedom was not just to extend to the south of Korea." If this means a supreme test with Russia, let it come" he declares. "Let us by all means honour our word with Korea in the face of all peoples."

CIVIL WAR BREWING IN KOREA

Series Of Blunders By American Military Government

LONDON, Nov. 18 (Reuter): Civil War is brewing in Korea and American officials predict internal fighting on a big scale unless the present tense situation with growing Korean resentment against the occupying powers is rectified, says a despatch from Seoul in Korea by Gordon Walker, special correspondent of the London 'Observer.'

Walker says, in Korea, where 40 years of Japanese occupation has been replaced by joint Russian and American occupation, masses of Korean people are distinctly dissatisfied with the manner "in which democracy and independence are being spoon-fed to them." He adds: "They resent interference and manipulation in their political life. They are angered over the fact that the American Military Government is showing favouritism towards the Extreme Rightwing Party and is virtually pushing aside popular movements which are grouped on the left.

Korean political leaders of all shades are unanimous in demanding that both Russian and American armies should withdraw and leave them to solve their own political riddles.

This is the situation behind the recent minor outbreaks in the mountain provinces of Korea, which is responsible for threats made against the life of the American Commander, Gen. John R. Hodge and top officers on his staff. This is a situation which unless rectified will bring on what even American officials here predict will be internal fighting on a big scale.

SERIES OF BLUNDERS

Declaring that American plans for the occupation of Korea were made hastily and the officers chosen "knew less about Korea than Englishmen know of the Aleutians" the correspondent says: "The first blunder came when an American Commander referring to his use of Japanese military police labelled Koreans and Japanese as "all the same breed of cats." Then when Japanese police fired on and killed several Koreans at a demonstration attempting to welcome the American liberators the die was pretty well cast.

The next mistake came when the American staff dipped into the ranks of Korean big business men and political Right Wingers—most of whom enjoyed prosperous relations with the Japanese—for a bulk of its Advisory Council. This was due to the fact that Right-Wingers known as 'Democratic Party' were best-educated, spoke clearest English and managed to convince the Americans that all other political opponents were communist agitators."

The net result of this "early misadventure", the correspondent declares is that today the Military Government "is being led—or misled—by groups representing a minority party and is excluding those groups which represent a majority of the Korean people."

"PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC"

Those excluded include the highly organised "People's Republic" which grew out of the Korean underground movement says the correspondent. "The People's Republic itself got off to a bad start by pre-supposing that independence would come immediately and tried to call for elections: This violated Military Government orders. But what 'The People's Republic' lacks in experienced leadership it more than makes up in popular appeal and genuine desire for reform of the Korean feudalistic system.

'LIGHTING FUSE ON KEG OF DYNAMITE'

Though the 'Republic' is now enjoying a little more freedom as a result of having reorganised as a political party instead of a "de facto" Government, it is still under a powerful disadvantage both from the fact that Right-Wingers are guiding the Military Government and because the Military Government is inclined to be impatient and intolerant of any group which is composed of young Liberals of Left-Wing views.

Setting aside entirely the question of whether Rightists or Leftists are the best for Korean independence, the fact remains the Leftists today enjoy popular support.

And the fact that the military Government fails to favour them equally with the Right Wing is like lighting fuse on a keg of dynamite."

TO INVESTIGATE CHARGES AGAINST OCCUPATION OFFICIALS

SEOUL, KOREA, Nov. 17 (U.P.A.): Major-General Arnold today disclosed the formation of a Review Board to investigate charges of pro-Japanese sympathies among employees of the Military Government.

COMMUNIST FORCES WITHDRAW FROM POSITIONS ALONG GREAT WALL

FIGHTING IN INDO-CHINA

French Capture Nationalist Headquarters At Chodum

SAIGON, Nov. 18 (Reuter).—The capture of Nationalist headquarters at Chodum about 30 miles south-west of Saigon after a short skirmish is officially announced by the French authorities, cables Reuter's special correspondent. The Headquarters personnel escaped, but "important" documents were found. French police rescued 37 persons mostly Eurasians kidnapped by the Nationalists from a small village about 18 miles north of Saigon.

Municipal workshops in Saigon City were attacked on Friday night by organised groups of Nationalists who were however driven off.

The special Chungking envoy, Machend Yang, is visiting Saigon for arranging purchase of rice and other supplies for the Chinese in Northern Indo-China.

At the same time members of the Chungking Mission to the Chinese in Southern Indo-China have met the French High Commissioner M. Dargenlieu.

These missions are stated to have no political significance Similar missions, it is said, have been sent to visit Chinese communities in a number of other eastern cities.

SIGNAL FOR GENERAL UPRISING IN J...

(Continued from page 1)

sian Conference. At that meeting, the Indonesians declared that the British diplomat S. M. Denning acted as a "spokesman for the Dutch." Denning, they said, attempted to bring pressure on them to accept the Dutch proposals.

Sultan Sharir, the new Premier of the unrecognised Indonesian Republic, said, "Denning questioned us like a policeman questioning small boys. "I told him all his questions would be submitted to the full cabinet and in due time Denning will receive our answers."

An Indonesian partisan returning from Sourabaya today said that "the Indonesians are fighting magnificently and are easily holding their ground." He claimed, the Indonesians had shot down three British Thunderbolt aircraft on Saturday, but this was not confirmed by any British source.

5,000 Oriyas Joined I. N. A.

CUTTACK Nov. 17, (A.P.I.): Some 5,000 Oriyas indentified themselves with the Indian National Army, revealed Mr. Harekrishna Mahatab, Orissa Congress leader, in a speech this evening.

Mr. Mahatab was presiding over a variety entertainment performance in aid of the I. N. A. Relief Fund. He said that while not even a battalion of Oriyas had been raised in India during the war, about 5,000 of them joined the Indian National Army and kept up the proud name of Orissa. He urged that these men should be rehabilitated, and Orissa's duty was to see that it "was" down. "They will be a great force in the national life of India", Mr. Mahatab said.

BIHAR ASSEMBLY VOTERS

50 p.c. Of Applications For Enrolment Rejected

PATNA, November 17. (A. P.I.): About 50 per cent of the applications for enrolment as voters for Bihar Assembly elections filed before the Sub-Divisional officer Patna (sadar) have been rejected, it is learnt.

The applicants in most cases either did not turn up or did not produce sufficient proof in support of their claim.

The largest number of the new voters enrolled are Muslims.

M. M. Malaviya Becomes Congress Member

LUCKNOW, Nov. 18 (A.P.I.): Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya has re-enrolled himself as a four anna member of the Indian National Congress.

United Front Against Ambedkar

NAGPUR, Nov. 18 (U.P.I.): The All-India Depressed Classes League and the All-India Depressed Classes Association held a joint meeting here to-day, prominent among those present being Mr. H. J. Khandekar, M.L.A., and about 60 prominent workers from different parts of India.

It was decided that these two bodies should set up a joint election board and present a united front to Dr. Ambedkar's Schedule Castes Federation in respect of Provincial Assembly elections.

Bakshi Transferred To Calcutta Jail

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 17, (A.P.I.): Mr. Satya Ranjan Bakhshi, former editor of "FORWAD" "Liberty" and "Advance" of Calcutta, who was detained at the Naini Central Prison Allahbad, was transferred to Calcutta Presidency Jail today. Mr. Bakhshi was brought in a stretcher from the jail to the station and was taken to Calcutta by the Toofan Express. He looked very week.

It will be recalled Mr. Bakhshi was recently examined by a medical board. He was first detained in the Bareilly jail before being brought to Naini Central Jail. Mr. Bakhshi is suffering from acute heart trouble.

"Lajpatrai Day"

PATNA, November 17, (A.P.I.): Lala Lajpat Rai day was observed by the Patna District Congress Committee by holding a meeting with Mr. Jagat Narain Lal ex-parliamentary Secretary in the chair.

A two-minute silence was observed at the meeting for the occasion and speeches were made referring to the services of the late Lala Lajpat Rai.

Will They Make New Stand At Chinhsien In Manchuria?

CHUNGKING, Nov. 18 (Reuter): Communist forces were withdrawing from heir positions along the Great Wall, today, after four Central Government Divisions had captured Shan hai Kwan gateway to Manchuria and terminus of the Great Wall, it was reported here.

Four Central Government divisions—landed at Chinwangtao, south-west transports—stormed into Shan hai Kwan.

The Communist daily "New China Daily News" indicated that Communist forces would make a new stand at Chinhsien in Manchuria and 100 miles north-east of Shan hai Kwan on Pekein-Mukden railway.

"STRANGE SITUATION"

CHUNGKING, Nov. 18 (Reuter). Communist consolidation and occupation of positions in Manchuria while the Russians are withdrawing and national troops are failing to take over the area is causing a strange situation there. Cables Doon Campbell, Reuter's special correspondent.

COMMUNISTS CONSOLIDATE POSITIONS

Government officials are clearing out fast and the Communists are strengthening their positions along the main railway line running north to Mukden and Chanvchun. They also hold many strategic ports on Liaoning Peninsula and are moving into villages and towns as the Soviets leave while the occupation of Manchuria by National Government troops is as removed from reality as it was two months ago.

MYSTERIOUS DEPARTURE

General Hsiung Shihhui, the Government Director in the north-east region, has mysteriously left Changchun at the height of the local Sino-Soviet negotiations for the landing of occupation forces. Gen. Hsiung is still in Chungking, though he has not yet been accessible to correspondents, and it is reliably learned that in the present circumstances he cannot return to Changchun. Shortly after Gen H. Iung left Changchun, it was announced that Gen. Tu Yu Ming, the Generalissimo's Pacification Commissioner in the north-east, has set up headquarters at Chingwapingtao, instead of Changchun.

An important conference has been going on at the Generalissimo's country home. The Minister will not disclose the nature of the talks, but it is understood that Manchuria was one of the principal subjects.

"FIERCE BATTLE RAGING"

Meanwhile, both sides—Kuomintang and Communists—concur that a fierce battle is still raging round Shanhai Kwan—the great Wall Town guarding the gateway to the north-east.

Telegrams from Chinese in India and other parts of the world are reaching Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek and Mao Tse Tung, the Communist leader, urging them to end the strife in China.

COMMUNISTS ADMIT LOSS OF SHAN HAI KWAN

CHUNGKING, Nov. 18 (A.P.A.): Chinese Government forces broadened their hold today on the Shan Hai Kwan area, the gateway through the Great Wall into Manchuria, as the Chinese Communists conceded acknowledging not only the loss of the strategically important city, but also of two nearby townships after "severe fighting."

While Nationalist leaders reported an almost bloodless occupation of Shan Hai Kwan, the Chinese Communist grip o nManchuria itself tightened sharply, according to Government sources.

Young Chiang Chung-Kuo reached Chungking after he and a handful of Nationalist followers had barely escaped from being encircled by Communist troops. Eight more provincial Governors are expected to return to Chungking shortly, because they gave up hope for an early arrival of Nationalist reinforcements.

U. S. IN PREDICAMENT

NEW YORK, Nov. 17 (U.P.A.): Mr. Hugh Baillie, President of the United Press of America, addressing the semi-annual meeting of veteran New York newspapermen known as as "Silurians", said today that the United States has become so involved in the difficulties between Chiang Kai-Shek's Government and the Chinese Communists that the U. S. may have difficulty in extricating herself.

LESS THAN 75 AIRPLANES TURNED OVER TO CHINA

CHUNGKING, Nov. 17 (U.P.A.): Less than 75 airplanes have been turned to the Chinese since the cessation of the war, United States military authorities announced today.

"Why Should Britain Restore Slums Of Other Empires"

LASKI'S FRONTAL ATTACK ON ATTLEE GOVT: "USE OF INDIAN TROOPS IN JAVA IS BAD ADVERTISEMENT OF OUR SINCERITY"

LONDON, Nov. 18. (U.P.A.): "I do not wonder" that the use of Indian troops in the Java fighting "has provoked angry outbursts and criticism from India", Prof. Harold Laski said today in an article on British intervention in the freedom movements of Indonesia and Indo-China in the Sunday newspaper "Reynold's Weekly".

"We stand there (in India) face to face with a nation which, whatever its divisions, is at least agreed on demanding its own freedom and its right to self-government," he said. "We are committed, half-heartedly perhaps but still committed, to the duty of making freedom and self-government available to India with the least possible delay."

He added it is bad advertisement of Britain's sincerity to use the troops of a nation aspiring to freedom to crush the aspirations of two other groups of people.

Laski declared it makes the British claim to have been engaged in awar for democracy and freedom hollow mockery all over South-East Asia.

Socialists lothe the habits of imperialism, Laski stated, adding that "no nation can suppress freedom without the grave risk of becoming habituated to its suppression at home."

"It is a double tragedy . . set Great Britain restore law and order.....for the maintenance of the alums of other empires."

It was the British dockers, who, after the last war refused to load ships with munitions to "enable Churchill to use his dubious White Russian instruments" to suppress the revolution, he said. There is no difference between the social revolution in Russia and the present-day revolution in French Indo-China and the Dutch East Indies, Laski averred.

Concluding, he said, "I beg the Labour Government to reflect upon the impact of this policy of suppression upon coloured peoples all over the world."

Alan-Brooke Lunches With MacArthur

TOKYO, Nov. 18 (Reuter).—Field-Marshal Lord Alan-Brooke, Chief of the Imperial General Staff, who is making a tour of the Far East, arrived in Tokyo today and lunched with Gen. Douglas MacArthur, Supreme Commander Allied Forces in Japan.

"BITTERLY RESENTED BY JEWS"

Tel-Aviv Mayor On Bevin's Statement

TEL-AVIV, Nov. 17, (Reuter): Mr. Israel Rockach, the harassed 48 year old Mayor of Tel-Aviv, said to-day that he has besought the military authorities to lift the curfew as quickly as possible and is now awaiting reply.

Mr. Rockach added: "We must keep people busy and we want more hours of work, not fewer. The presence of British troops, although they behave with patience and the curfew make for tension."

The Mayor said that the British Foreign Minister Mr. Ernest Bevin's statement on Palestine policy was bitterly resented by the Jews. It had taken the heart hour of their dreams of National home. He estimated the damage by fire and other causes to property in which Government offices are housed at about Rs 13,00,000.

The property is Jewish-owned and insured.

Tojo Suffers From Stroke: Right Hand Completely Paralysed

WASHINGTON (U.P.S.): Hideki Tojo, Japan's Pearl Harbour Premier has suffered from a stroke recently and his right arm is completely paralysed, says a Tokyo message quoting high sources. However, she is recovering satisfactorily from the wound he suffered when he shot himself at the time of his arrest. He is placed now in a barrack building in Omuri prison camp.

LONDON, November 17 (U.P.I.) The Soviet Union is planning a big increase in the manufacture of penicillin. This is announced by the Peoples Commissar for Health of U.S.S.R. in Moscow.

The announcement adds that Prof Yermolayeva has evolved an original method for producing penicillin and this year two factories have already begun to manufacture it. The announcement further reveals that during the war Russia developed one original preparation called Phenamin—drug which stimulates nervous activity during work involving as prolonged nervous tension. This preparation was successfully used by aviators in long-range flights.

SARAT BOSE REPLIES TO "STATESMAN'S" CHARGE

Imperialists Talk Glibly Of Freedom And Democracy While British Help Dutch To Enslave Java!

DARJEELING, Nov. 18 (A.P.I.): Speaking at a public meeting in Darjeeling on Friday last Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose declared that the British, French, Dutch and American Imperialists today stood before the bar of history, and that history would not hesitate to censure them on the ground that for years while they had been glibly speaking of freedom and democracy, they were merely giving lip service to them and when the time for test came they did their best to perpetuate slavery in the subject countries of the East.

Mr. Bose dealt at length with an editorial by "The Statesman" on the 14th criticising the Congress. Mr. Bose said that "The Statesman" had made several charges against the Congress leaders, including Pandit Nehru. He asked the paper to examine every statement and speech of Pandit Nehru and other Congress leaders and point out where they were wrong. The speaker wanted to know if the paper supported the perpetuation of Indonesian slavery in South-East Asia. He emphasised that never in the past had India appeared in the role of an exploiter anywhere and he firmly believed that she would never fill that role in the future.

WHAT IS VILIFICATION?

Referring to "The Statesman's" observation that "the campaign of vilification" which began as soon as the Simla Conference broke down, "was souring Indo-British relations, perhaps permanently", Mr. Bose affirmed that relations between the East and the West had been poisoned by the British, French, German, Italian, American and the Rising Sun Imperialists. He enquired what this "campaign of vilification" was. They of the Congress had always declared themselves to be opponents of British Imperialism, and for the matter of that of French, Dutch and American Imperialisms. Mr. Bose wanted to know what charge the Congress had made against those imperialisms which the Congress was not able to substantiate. Mr. Bose said that the Congress Party was not out to vilify anybody. It was out to fight for the freedom of the country. When Lord Wavell called the Simla Conference, leaders on the Congress said that they believed in the sincerity of Lord Wavell. "Did it very much look like vilification?" asked Mr. Bose.

Mr. Bose continuing said that he was most delighted that the Simla Conference broke down. Its success on the terms laid down by White Hall would certainly have led to the perpetuation of India's slavery. Nevertheless, the Congress, from Mahatma Gandhi downwards, agreed to consider the proposals, because they believed that Lord Wavell was sincere. It was, however, one thing in believing in the sincerity of an individual and another to believe, in that of the British Imperialists.

NO JAP PUPPET

Referring to "The Statesman's" observations regarding the I.N.A. that "sustained and almost hysterical adulation of this Japanese-sponsored body has poured from Congress sources", Mr. Bose asked how Imperialists had been describing partisans of France who were fighting against Nazi domination. They had been described as patriots. If the Indian National Army (of Indian Partisans) had been fighting against the Japanese, German or Italian domination, "The Statesman" and the whole body of British Imperialists would have described them as patriots. But unfortunately, the Azad Hind Fauj had made up its mind to fight against British Imerialism and, therefore, they could not possibly be described as patriots. They had to be described as quislings and traitors.

As to the accusation that it was a Japanese-sponsored army Mr. Bose said that statements and documents were now pouring into India in large numbers and it was for Indians and history to judge whether the Azad Hind Fauj was right or wrong.

BRITAIN'S SORRY ROLE

Mr. Bose wanted to know if "The Statesman" was prepared to support British Imperialists who had reinforced the Dutch Imperialists and who, shoulder to shoulder with them had been suppressing the independence movement in Java. Mr. Bose said he saw nothing wrong in the condemnation by the Congress leaders of the conduct of British Imperialists in Java.

Finally, Mr. Bose wanted to know whether "The Statesman" and the British people were prepared to concede absolute independence to India here and now and said: "We have had enough of the so-called Liberalism in the past. We know what it is, we know it to our cost.

"We know what the British imperialists' progressive realisation of self-Government means. We know what President Truman's eventual self-government means; we know what Chiang-Kai-Shek's "a good deal of autonomy for the subject countries of the East" means.

"None of these formulae will satisfy us any more. Our demand for India and her sister nations in the East is complete independence from British, Dutch, French and American domination."

WILL IRAQ FALL OUT WITH ARABIA?

Rashid Ali Asylum Sequel

LONDON, November 18 (Reuter): Ibn Saud, the warrior King of Arabia, was tricked into offering sanctuary to the Iraq traitor, Rashid Ali, states "The News of the World" special correspondent in Jerusalem.

A refugee from justice, Rashid Ali arrived at the Arabian frontier with his guides in the guise of a Syrian delegation to the King and the party was conducted to Mecca. There the King gave orders that they should be fed and agreed to receive them after his morning prayers

On reaching the audience room the guides stepped back saying: "It is only this man who has come to see your Majesty." Left alone, Rashid Ali kneit down and disclosed his identity, placing himself "under the feet of the King."

Turning to his son and heir, the Emir Saud, the King said "Look after this man".

IN TRUE DESERT TRADITION

When later Emir Abdul Illah, the Regent of Iraq, sent emisarries asking that Rashid Ali be handed over to justice the King's sons present, in accordance with the unwritten law of the desert, offered to go instead.

But the Regent refused to treat the matter on the basis of tradition, insisting on political procedure and demanding that Rashid Ali be handed over to justice.

Complete impasse remains which may cause the first rupture between member states of the Arab League.

King Of Siam Leaves For Home

LONDON, Nov. 18 (Reuter): King Ananda Mahidol of Siam left Switzerland by plane for Siam, reported the Bangkok radio today.

Reuter adds: The King who is 21 succeeded to the throne when his uncle King Prajadhipok abdicated in 1935 as a result of a 'putsch.' He has been studying at the Lausanne University for his degree of Doctor of Law.

Truman Wants "Big Three" Meeting In U. S.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18 (A.P.A.): John Hightower A.P.A. staff correspondent says: President Truman has intimated that, when another Big Three meeting is held, it should be held in the United States, despite the fact that up to now Generalissimo Stalin has been unwilling to venture beyond Russian controlled area.

WHITEHALL AT IT AGAIN!

"Self-Govt. For India Before Long"

DORKING (Surrey), Nov. 17 (Reuter).—A call to the residents here to show their gratitude to the people of India for their war effort by smashing the Thanksgiving Savings Week target of Rs. 26,00,000 was made today by the Secretary of State for India, Lord Pethick-Lawrence.

Recalling that India raised 2,500,000 volunteers, Lord Pethick Lawrence said: "Not only to Indian troops but also to the people of India on whom fell the burden of providing them with the instruments of war do we owe a debt of gratitude.

"It is the wish of the Government and I believe of the vast majority of the people of this country, that before long, the Indian people will be given that self-government to which they are entitled and which will place them on a footing of equality with the other British Dominions."

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Jawahar And Pant Bid For Famine Painting

LUCKNOW, Nov. 18 (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant were bidders yesterday at an auction of a painting at the National Art Exhibition.

The painting, which was drawn by Ishwar Dass depicting Bengal famine, was eventually sold for Rs. 600 and the amount was donated to the I.N.A. fund.

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Johore Sultan's Mission To Britain

SINGAPORE Nov. 18 (Reuter).—The Sultan of Johore State will leave shortly for Britain "purely for reasons of health," it is announced here.

He will, says Alan Humphreys, Reuter's special correspondent, see specialists about his health and visit the Colonial Office about the political future of Johore State and his own status under the Malayan Union, concerning which he recently signed a treaty with the British representative, Sir Harold MacMichael.

M. L. A.'S WIFE CLAIMS DAMAGES

Ejected With Physical Injuries From House Which Govt. Still Occupies

AGRA, Nov 17 (A.P.I.)—Mrs. Bhagmati Devi, wife of Seth Aachal Singh, M.L.A., and a prominent Congress leader, has filed an application in the Court of the District Magistrate, Agra, claiming damages of Rs. 55,380 and Rs. 1,130 per mensem.

The complainant alleges that while her husband was detained in jail and she was staying in her house at 32 A, Garden Road, Agra Cantt. She was ejected forcibly from there under orders of the City Magistrate and sustained some injuries to her person. Her home was taken over, damaged and the garden destroyed and barracks built on it. The house is still in the possession of Government and she has prayed for its early return.

The District Magistrate has fixed December 20, 1945, for further hearing of the case.

Mahatma To Be In Calcutta On Dec. 1

CALCUTTA, Nov. 18 (A.P.I.): It is understood that Mahatma Gandhi will arrive in Calcutta on December 1 on his Bengal tour. His tour programme will be finally settled only after his arrival here.

Mahatma Gandhi will be accompanied by a small party, which will include Mr. Peareylal and Dr. Susila Nayyar. He will stay for ten days at the Sodepur Khadi Prathistan, where all arrangements are being made by Dr. Satish Chandra Das Gupta.

Mahatma To Arrive In City Today

POONA, Nov. 18 (A.P.I.): A large crowd was present to participate in Mahatma Gandhi's evening prayers today—the last day of the three-months stay of Gandhiji in Poona. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, having completed his treatment at the Nature Cure Clinic, will leave for Bombay with Mahatma Gandhi tomorrow morning by the Deccan Queen.

After a day's stay in Bombay, Mahatma Gandhi will leave for Wardha from where he will proceed to Calcutta on November 30.

A silver cup which was presented this evening to Mahatma Gandhi was auctioned for Rs. 102 and the amount handed over to the Harijan Fund.

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AXIS SHIPS FOR IRAN'S NAVY

TEHERAN, Nov. 18 (A.P.A.): Reports in Teheran said today that the Allies have agreed to transfer 20 ships from the Japanese and Italian fleets to build up an Iranian Navy.

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City Cricket

KANGA'S XI PLAY WITH C. C. I.

Madan Raiji's Deadly Bowling

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Batting first in their one and a half day fixture against the Cricket Club of India on the latter's ground Dr. Kanga's XI were all out for 239 Lawyer was the top-scorer carrying his bat for 68. N. H. Colah who is in good form with the bat this season got 64.

M. N. Raiji bowled extremely well throughout, and ended with six wickets at the cost of a little more than six runs apiece.

The home team replied with 193 for nine wickets thanks mainly to K. M. Rangnekar, U. M. D. Thackersey and V. N. Raiji who contributed 57, 34 and 31 respectively towards the Cricket Club's total.

The left-hander J. B. Patel was the most successful bowler claiming four wickets for 42 runs. B. R. Irani and Umrigar claimed two wickets each at the cost of 18 and 36 runs respectively.

The following were the scores:—

DR. KANGA'S XI: B. R. Nani c. Imtiaz Ahmed b. Rangnekar 0, N. H Colah b. M. N. Raiji 64, M. F. Mistry b. M. N. Raiji 17, Dadyseth b. M. N. Raiji 19, J. B. Patel c. Imtiaz Ahmed b. M. N. Raiji 7, J. S. Lawyer (not out) 68, D. B. Sathe b M. N. Raiji 19, J.U. Nani c. V. N. Raiji, b. M. N. Raiji 3, P. Umrigar st. Imtiaz Ahmed b. Rana 20, K. K. Tarapore c. Colah b. Rana 0, G. K. Patel l.b.w. b. Jobanputra 10, Extras 12, making a total of 239.

M. N. Raiji took 6 wickets for 37 runs.

CRICKET CLUB OF INDIA: M. I Merchant c. Nani b. J. B. Patel 7 V. N. Raiji c G. K. Patel b. Umrigar 31, K. M. Rangnekar c G. K. Patel b. Umrigar 57, Imtiaz Ahmed b J. B. Patel 14, U. M. D. Thackersey b. B. R Nani 34, S H M Colah c. J. K. Nani b. J. B. Patel 6, M M. Amersey l.b.w. b J. B. Patel 14, M. N Raiji c. J B Patel b. Sathe 14, K. H. Jobanputra st. J. K. Nani b. B R Nani 2, K. Sanjana did not bat, C. M. Rana not out 1, Extras 13 making total for 9 wickets 193.

J. B. Patel took 4 wickets for 42; Umrigar 2 for 36 and B. R. Irani 2 for 18.

South Zone Team

MADRAS, Nov. 18 (A.P.I.): The team to represent the South Zone against the Australian Services Eleven on the M.C.C. ground in Madras on December 2, 3 and 4, will be chosen from the following:—C. P. Johnstone (Captain), E. Aibara, A. Anantanarayanan, Ashgar Ali, Bharat Chandkhanna, B. Frank, Ghulam Ahmed, M. J. Gopalan, P. E. Palia, A. G. Ramsingh, C. R. Rangachari and Sanjiva Rao.

CELEBRATION OF TRIPURI PAURNIMA: Citizens of Bombay are requested to attend the celebration of Tripuri Paurnima which will be held at Wagle and Sons compound (opp. Congress House) Vithalbhai Patel Road at 6 p.m. to-day (Monday) Mr. J. R. Vakharia will preside. Mr. R. D. Sawant Bhosle will celebrate the salutation of the victorious Bhagwa Zenda. Prayers will be offered in order to achieve peace and happiness for mankind.

Youth Arrested For Alleged Harassment On Telephone

Tracked Down By Police Officers In Disguise To End Campaign Of Vilification

Ratanlal Girdharji (22) employed in the 'pedhi' of Vithaldas Virjee, New Bhatia Baug Building, 121, Fort Street, who is alleged to have been indulging in a systematic campaign of vilification and harassment to the family of a well-known city business magnate was arrested by Sub-Inspectors Miranda and Bulsara of the Bombay C.I.D. on Saturday, after putting into operation a cleverly devised machinery for the detection of this phone fiend.

The complainant who has a telephone at his residence, recently filed a complaint before Mr. Oscar Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, that for sometime past the female members of his family were being subjected to a systematic harassment and annoyance at the hands of an unknown individual who continually telephoned and requested for appointments and also used indecent language.

On receipt of this complaint which was referred by the Magistrate to the C.I.D. for investigation, the Executive Engineer of Telephones, Mr. Jelliman, was requested to have the telephone of the complainant put under observation for some days. As a result of this observation, the number from which the annoyance calls were emanating was traced to a building near Bhatia Baug.

Equipped with this data, Sub-Inspectors Miranda and Bulsara unobtrusively visited the locality and after carefully surveying it planned to keep the offending telephone under watch from the opposite building, from where it was possible to have a clear view of what happens in the accused's residence. On November 13, the telephone of the complainant and the offending telephone were kept under close observation. Sub-Inspectors Miranda and Bulsara, disguised as 'ghatis' hid themselves along with police photographer Raje and two independent witnesses, in the building opposite the place in which the particular phone was situated.

As a result of this watch, the police, it is alleged, were able to detect the accused as the person who was exploiting the telephone for the indulgence of his filthy complexes. Police photographer Raje succeeded in getting clear snaps of the individual, while in the actual act of sending annoyance calls.

On November 15, Sub-Inspectors Miranda and Bulsara, posed themselves as Rationing Officers and on the pretext of checking the ration cards they visited the accused's residence and obtained his particulars. A warrant was then obtained and the accused was arrested on Saturday.

The raid was carried out under the supervision of Supdt. Khan Saheb Chaudhari and Dy. Commissioner Hosali.

Fire Damages Court Records

LUCKNOW, Nov. 18 (A.P.I.). A fire broke out in the court room of the first class honorary magistrate, Lucknow during the Bakr-Id holidays. A large number of records including some important pending files and law books were damaged. The fire was detected by the court peons on opening the court room after the holidays when smoke was seen issuing from a corner of the room

Phaltan Subjects' Demand

PHALTAN, Nov. 18 (A.P.I.): The first session of the Phaltan Subjects, Conference commenced here this morning under the presidentship of Mr. Shankarrao Deo.

Messages wishing the Conference success were received, amongst others, from Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and the Rajasahib of Phaltan.

In his presidential address Mr. Shankarrao exhorted the people to strengthen the Subjects' Conference and appealed to the rulers to be helpful to India's cause of freedom.

The session passed five resolutions in the morning including one suggesting introduction of full responsible government in the State under the aegis of the ruler.

GORWALLA OUT TO COVER BOMBAY DEFICIT

NEW DELHI, Nov. 18 (A.P.I.)—Mr. Gorwalla, Food Controller, Bombay, arrived here by air on Saturday to discuss with the Government of India Bombay's food difficulties. It is stated that recent floods in Gujarat have reduced the millet crop seriously, while the crop in Satara, Bijapur and other southern districts have suffered from lack of rain. A shortage in the winter crop is also feared. For the whole Province the overall deficit to be made good is estimated at 50,000 tons.

Mr. Gorwalla has had discussions on the problem with the Food Department. The Food Member and the Food Secretary are on tour but the Food Secretary is expected back in Delhi tomorrow and Mr. Gorwalla may meet him before returning to Bombay.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16. (Reuter): Tippy Larkin, (142 pounds), outpointed Nick Moran, (139 1/2 pounds), in a ten-round boxing match at Madison Square Garden to-night. Moran put up a great battle, and the crowd booed the decision, one judge gave it was Larkin 7 to three; the other judge and referee said it was six-four.

Imperialist Outrages In East Must Stop At Once

U. S. Cannot Support Slavery In Any Form, Says "Chicago Tribune" Publisher

NEW YORK, Nov. 18 (U.P.A.): Colonel Robert R. McCormick, publisher of the "Chicago Tribune", yesterday told the Foreign Policy Association that Americans cannot "support slavery in any form and added that the "British are in India, Burma, Malaya and Java only because the Americans defeated the Japanese who had defeated all their other enemies."

McCormick continued, "We cannot escape responsibility for the evils being perpetrated on helpless people by the British, Dutch and French, using Lend-Lease weapons to force natives to work on rubber plantations for three dollars and twenty-nine cents monthly—eleven cents per day. We must insist that these outrages stop at once."

McCormick demanded that the United States should insist upon concessions, including Britain's abandonment of all her western hemisphere colonies, before being granted the proposed five billion dollar loan.

He also sharply attacked the Sterling Bloc Empire Preference to which "India and Egypt are not free contracting parties but are under complete military coercion."

H. G. WELLS DESPAIRS OF CONTEMPORARY MANKIND

(Continued from Page 1.)

quite recently, or may have basked for ages—as soon as there are sufficient fishes to be devoured. We are left guessing.

The present writer is in his seventy-ninth year. Like Landor, (Walter Landor, author of "Imaginary Conversations") he has warned both hands at the fire of life and now, as it sinks towards meticulous invalidism, he is ready to depart.

He awaits his end, watching mankind still keen to find helpful use for the accumulations of experience in this time of mental confusion but without that headlong stress to come to a conclusion with life, which is a necessary part of the make-up of any normal youngster, male or female.

Every man of over the formative years is in the same case. He made himself then. Since then, he and those other elder men simply have been working out and elaborating with, in most cases, a certain ebb or intensity of forms of thought into which they had shaped their convictions.

NO HOPE IN YOUNG

The writer is inclined to think that his continuing interest in biological science may have kept him in closer touch with living realities than is the case with politicians, or money speculators or divines, or busy businessmen, but that does nothing to bridge the gulf between the older men and young.

Hopefully or maliciously, jealously or generously we, old boys, look on and cannot be anything better than lookers-on. We have lived essentially forty years odd age. The young are of life but there is no hope in them.

We see the world as a jaded world, devoid of recuperative power:

In the past the writer and his like thought that man could pull out of his elements and start new creative phase of human living. In the face of our universal inadequacy, that optimism has given place to stoical cynicism.

Old men behave for the most part meanly and disgustingly, and young, spasmodic and foolish people are all too easily misled. Man must go steeply up or down and the odds seem to be all in favour of his going down and out.

If he goes up, then so great is the adaption demanded of him that he must cease to be man.

The ordinary man is at the end of his tether. Only a small and highly adaptable minority of the species can possibly survive. The rest will not trouble about it, finding such opiates and consolation as they have the mind for.

MODIFICATIONS OF HUMAN TYPE

Let us conclude this speculation about the final phase in the history of life by surveying the modifications of human type that are in progress to-day.

Primates appeared as forest creatures, related to groups of insectivora. They commenced the arboreal. They acquired quickness of the eye and muscular adjustment among the branches. They were sociable and flourished widely.

Then, as usual, an increase in size and weight and strength occurred and they descended perforce to the ground level, big enough now to outface, fight and outwit the larger carnivores of the forest world.

Their semi-erect attitude enabled them to rear up and beat at their antagonists with sticks and stones, and with unheard of enhancement of the tooth and claw. But, presently, their sociability diminished, because they needed wide areas of food supply.

Little fellows faded out before big fellows, according the time-honoured pattern of life. The great apes developed the institution of private family to a high level. Along this line they travelled to the gorilla, chimpanzee, and orangoutang of to-day.

But outside the forest regions, during the phase of forest recession, developing primates were exposed to other exactions. Grass plains and arid steppes spread out. The supply of vegetable food shrank. Small game for meat generally became an increasingly important part of the day. As ever thereafter: "Adapt or perish".

From the worldwide massacre of resistant primates, a new series of forms had the good fortune to escape. They were more erect than the forest apes: they ran and hunted and they were sufficiently intelligent to co-operate in hunting.

These cursive ground apes were of hominidae, in the hungry and ferocious animal series.

"HOMO SAPIENS"

These brutes communicated by uncouth sounds. They seized upon staves and stones for their purposes. They hammered great stones into sharper shape, when sparks flew into dry leaves, amid which they squatted and a red flower of fire appeared. It appeared in a manner so mild and familiar to them that they were not dismayed.

The creature called "Homo Sapiens" emerges from among the earlier hominidae, very evidently as another of those relapses of the life cycle, towards an infantile and biologically more flexible form, which have played so important a role in the chequered history of living things.

He is not the equivalent of the clumsy adult Heidelberg or the Neanderthal man. He is in the opening phase of the experimental playfield, a teachable and precocious child, still amenable to social subordination, when he is already sexually an adult.

All of "Homo Sapiens" are inter-breed. Intervals isolating them may have produced a lean and a Neanderthaloid or negroid, fair or dark, tall and short. Local variations are still able to inter breed in the same way that have produced endless races.

Comparative anthropology slowly disangles this story of the way wherein the new unnecessary primordial adult, Homo, for all effective purposes, faded out, leaving as his successor childlike Homo Sapiens who is at best curious, teachable and experimental from the cradle to the grave.

These works "at his best" are the gist of this section.

It is possible that the mass of contemporary mankind may not be as readily accessible to fresh ideas as the younger and more childish minds of earlier generations. It is also possible that hard, imaginative thinking has not increased so as to keep pace with the expansion and complication of human societies and organisations. That is the darkest shadow upon the hopes of mankind.

(CONCLUDED)

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Tiger Kills Lioness

Fatal Terrific Duel In Mysore Zoo

BANGALORE, Nov. 18 (A.P.I.): The strange story of how a tiger killed a lioness is received here from Mysore. It appears that both the tiger and the lioness were left out for the morning rounds in the protected enclosure in the Mysore Zoological Gardens.

There was a terrific duel between the two animals, the tiger tearing open the neck of the lioness and sucking its blood. Despite the best efforts of the staff of the Gardens, and the visitors, and onlookers to separate the two fighting animals the tiger went on sucking the blood of the lioness for over three-quarters of an hour and it was with difficulty that the tiger was later driven into the cage.

Officials are unable to account for this fight as usually all animals are allowed to roam about on a furlong area of the open enclosure every morning and evening.

'Belsen Brute' Files Appeal

LUNEBURG, Nov. 18 (A.P.A.): All but four of the accused in the Belsen trial filed notice today of their intention to appeal against the findings and sentences against them. Those who are not appealing are Elizabeth Volkenrath, Juana Bormann, Herta Ehlert and Franz Hoessler. The notices of appeal were filed with Field Marshal Montgomery.

HOW THEY GET DIAMONDS TO WEIGH AGA KHAN

LONDON, Nov. 17 (Reuter): Arrangements have now been completed for the Aga Khan to be weighed in diamonds for charitable purposes on the occasion of his diamond jubilee next year, writes Sydney Gampell, Reuter's correspondent. He will then have completed sixty years as leader of the Ismaili Khoja Moslem community. The ceremonial weighings will take place in Bombay on March 20, 1946, and again in Dare-Salaam on August 17.

About 600,000 carats of rough diamonds are being lent to the Aga Khan's followers by London diamond interests for the weighing ceremony. This represents about 264 pounds weight and as a result of the ceremony about £400,000 (Rs. 56,00,000) will be distributed for charitable purposes by the Aga Khan's community in India and an equal amount in East Africa.

In essence the ceremony is presentation to the Aga Khan of some £400,000 in each country which has already been collected from his richer followers and its dedication by him for social welfare of his poorer followers. In India the sum is to be divided into two parts, one for interest free loans to small farmers and similar purposes and the other for higher education. It is understood that the Aga Khan will himself augment the sum.

In addition to the loaned 600,000 carats of "Boart" which will be returned to the Trades London stocks after the ceremonies, Messrs. S. A. Shivji and H. C. Javeri, representatives of the Aga Khan who are now in London, are buying 6,000 carats of polished gem-diamonds (brilliants) in London. These will be included in the weighings and will then be sold as souveniers to members of the Aga Khan's community.

Aga Khan On

WHAT ENGLISHMEN THINK OF INDIA'S FUTURE

CALCUTTA, Nov. 18 (A.P.I.): The future not only of India but of practically the whole of Asia, with the possible exception of China, depend on how they were able to solve the great problem of India, said H. H the Aga Khan, at a luncheon given to his honour by Khan Bahadur G. A. Dossani at the Calcutta Club today. His Highness said that there was a general concensus of opinion in England that India should take her place as a great and independent nation allied to Anglo-Saxon races.

A Fiver Frittered is a Fiver Lost, Save It---

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A B C I.

Acid Test For United Nations

Jawahar's Warning: Not Even Atom Bomb Can Stop Consequences Of Indonesian Struggle

LUCKNOW, Nov. 17 (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru interviewed by the Associated Press of India, said that the Indonesian struggle was to-day the most vital aspect of the Asiatic problem, and was therefore a world problem.

It was the symbol of revolt against imperialist domination. It was the acid test of the professions made by the United Nations in the course of the war; of the four freedoms of the San Francisco Charter and of so much else that had been said in regard to democracy and freedom.

A copy of Dr. Mahomet Hatta's Press interview in Batavia was handed over to Pandit Nehru who was engaged in important discussions with Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai on election affairs. Pandit Nehru was visibly moved and observed:—

"I appreciate Dr. Mahomet Hatta's friendly reference to me. We are very old friends and on my part it will be a great pleasure to meet him and his colleagues again. What part I can play in Indonesia at present I cannot say, but certainly I would do my best to get the problem solved in a peaceful way on the basis of Indonesian independence. At present in India I am heavily occupied with important engagements, but, as I said before, I am prepared to forego all these engagements if I am permitted to go to Java."

Pandit Nehru condemned bombing and shelling of Indonesian towns and said: "Let no one imagine that the Indonesian struggle will be suppressed by bombing and shelling from land, sea or air. This will continue and the flame will spread to other lands in Asia. India is deeply moved by the horrors that are being perpetrated in Indonesia and our own freedom struggle is being powerfully influenced. For my part I am prepared to go to Java at any time and at a moment's notice. For the present permission has been refused to me and I cannot go. But my mind and heart are full of what is happening there and I believe that a time will come when the people of India will play a more effective role in ensuring the independence of Indonesia as well as of other countries in Asia."

Pandit Nehru referred to the professions made by the United Nations from time to time and said: "Many of us were doubtful of these professions when they were made but few realised how they were belied and betrayed so soon after the war. A more important example can hardly be imagined. Here is a nation undoubtedly united in its demand for independence, undoubtedly capable of not only holding its own but of gaining freedom from the Dutch alone, and now we have British armies using all their armed might to suppress Indonesia in order to re-establish the Dutch Empire. Even the erstwhile enemies, the Japanese, are utilised against the Indonesians. Most shameful of all for us is the use of Indian troops."

Pandit Nehru was glad that the workers and seamen in India were beginning to realise the responsibility and refusing to load ships carrying war material from India to Java.

Concluding, Pandit Nehru administered a warning to the people of Europe and America and said that it was time they realised the vital significance of the Indonesian struggle for independence and the far-reaching consequences involved. Not even the atom bomb, he emphasised, was going to stop these consequences.

NEHRU LEAVES FOR PUNJAB

LUCKNOW Nov. 17 (A. P. I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru left Lucknow this evening on a tour of the Punjab.

JAWAHARLAL ON ART & LIFE

LUCKNOW, Nov. 17 (A. P. I.): "Art if it does not spring up from the strength of our nation is a lifeless art. If it has no connection with the problems and realities of life it is useless and dead like the pictures of women in Ajanta Caves", said Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru inaugurating the National Art Exhibition this evening.

Pandit Nehru observed that the artist with a living mind could produce art full of life. An artist with dead mind would produce only lifeless art. Art which could not grapple and face the great problems of our age could not be helpful in our life. The main function of Art was not only to please the eyes, but to guide the man in the struggle for existence.

Pandit Nehru bitterly criticised the present system of teaching Art in schools. He remarked amidst laughter "I have seen my pictures hanging on the walls in schools. If my face would have been so ugly as depicted in pictures, I would have committed suicide.

Concluding Pandit Nehru said: "We must wake up and our Art would wake up with it. The whole of India would rise up from the slumbers of the centuries. If the nation advances the art would not lag behind."

JAP RULE IN KOREA FORMALLY ENDS

SEOUL (Korea), Nov. 17 (A.P.A.): The formal end of Japan's 40-year military oppression of Korea came today, when American Lieut. General John R. Hogde gave the Japanese commander of the Area permission to return to Japan.

He is Lieut. General Yoshio Hozuki 43 of whose 58 years have been spent as a professional soldier.

He wants to become a Buddhist priest and "go fishing", he said.

U.S. TALKS WITH SOVIET ON KOREA

NEW YORK, Nov. 17 (Reuter).—The United States has opened consultation with Russia in an effort to improve the present situation in Korea, the United States State Department announced.

Practical difficulties arising under the "unnatural division of the country" by the operational boundary between the Soviet and American zones of occupation have been taken up with Moscow, the United States suggesting that these difficulties could be solved either through local negotiations or on Governmental level.

The State Department said: "Practical problems include reintegration of communications and economic unification of the country.

Dispute Over Martyrs' Memorial

C. P. Govt.'s Notice On Nagpur City Congress Officials

NAGPUR, Nov. 17 (A.P.I.)—A serious dispute between the Nagpur City Congress Committee and the C.P. Government is in the offing.

Mr. Dindayal Gupta, and Mr. Gavande, the President and the Secretary respectively of the Nagpur City Congress Committee appeared today before an officer of the C. P. Government in response to a notice asking them to show cause why the concrete cement memorial built by Congress in Itwara Chowk in memory of August 1942 ("martyrs") should not be removed.

The Memorial which is almost complete is to be unveiled shortly by Mr. Shankerrao Deo, Member of the Congress Working Committee.

The Officer concerned in his notice claims that the land on which the Memorial has been built belongs to the Government and the memorial should not have been built without the permission of the Government.

The Congress leaders have asked for time till Monday, November 19 to reply to the notice.

Pt. Shukla & August Memorial

NAGPUR, Nov. 18, (A.P.I.): Pandit Ravi Shankar Shukla, former Congress Premier of C. P. arrived here today from Bombay. He will be apprised of the situation arising out of the dispute between the local authorities and the Congress Committee over the constructon of a martyrs' memorial on a Government land.

NATIONAL HOME FOR BOATMEN

PATNA, Nov. 17 (A.P.I.): A hundred mile strip along the entire length of the coasts of India was demanded as the national home of boatmen to be known as "Abistan" according to a resolution passed by the Provincial Mallah (boatmen) Mahasabha at a conference held here under the Presidentship of Mr. Mahesh Prasad Chowdhury.

"Abistan" would also include a one-mile wide stretch of land on either bank of all Indian rivers and one mile strip round every lake in the country. The demand further contemplated a transfer of population if necessary for the sake of homogeneity.

The President expressed himself against the resolution and resigned after it was passed.

STAGE SET FOR TRIAL OF NAZI WAR CRIMINALS

NUREMBERG, Nov. 18 (Reuter).—It is now virtually certain that the trial of the major German war criminals will open here on Tuesday as a result of the rejection by the International Military Tribunal of the application by the United States, supported by Russia and France, to indict Alfred Krupps in place of his father, Gustav Krupp Von Bohlen Und Hablach who is said to be dying.

Earlier, cables Charles Lynch, Reuter's Special correspondent, Krupps' father tried in his absence was also rejected so that now the greatest of the German armaments houses will no longer be represented in the dock.

Applications by lawyers of Rudolph Hess and Julius Streicher to have their clients exempted on grounds of insanity still remain to be disposed of, but it is not thought they will cause postponement of the trial.

Martin Borman, Hitler's former Deputy and one of 23 major war criminals due for trial here, will be tried in his absence and a Council will be appointed on his behalf, it was announced today.

Sir David Maxwell Fyffe, one of Britain's leading counsel, indicated today that there was a "clear possibility" that Borman was still alive. He was last heard of on May 1 when he tried to escape from the German Chancellery in Berlin in a tank.

BIJAPUR, Nov. 17, (A.P.I.): Cloth and other markets in Bijapur remained closed yesterday in memory of Mrs. Pramila Shivayogappa Heralgi who died at Miraj on Wednesday. Mrs. Heralgi was the founder of Women's Association at Bijapur and had donated Rs. one lakh for the uplift of Lingayat Community.

"No Time For Small Benefits And Slow Reforms"

Darbar Gopaldas Says States People Are In Line With Rest In Struggle For Freedom

VALLABH NAGAR, (Baroda), Nov. 18.—The Nineteenth Session of the Baroda Praja Mandal commenced here yesterday under the presidentship of Darbar Shree Gopaldas Desai.

Mr. Chhaganlal Lakshmichand Shah, Chairman of the Reception Committee, welcoming Durbar Gopaldas said that the assurance given by the Maharaja of Baroda "that the Baroda State will always be foremost in administrative and social reforms and that constitutional reforms will be carried out when the time is matured," had raised high hopes in the minds of the State subjects. The people hoped that Baroda will have responsible Government earlier than British India.

Mr. Chhaganlal said that the people of Latipura village had renamed the venue of the session as "Vallabhnagar" in recognition of the services rendered by Sardar Patel to the people.

FUTURE OF CROWNS

Darbar Gopaldas, in his presidential address, said that many crowns in Europe had been laid to dust because of their failure to grant just rights to people. Unfettered monarchy, he said, meant a daily challenge to the rights of the people, which would result in the destruction of one of the parties, and it was certain that the people would never be destroyed.

Darbar Gopaldas said that it was a fact that, compared with other States, Baroda enjoyed to an extent an organised, constitutional liberal Government and more rights. But, he said, the time for small benefits or slow reforms had long passed.

Darbar Gopaldas said that India could not, as a slave nation, contribute to the remoulding and reforging of the fate of the world. The August resolution was the only alternative. India, he said, had borne the weight of heavily armed power which was bent upon destroying the forces of nationalism and had come out more united and more powerful. The people of India had resolved to win full freedom and they would not rest till they had won it.

FREE INDIA AND YELLOW INDIA

Darbar Gopaldas referred to the position of the States 'vis a vis' British India and said that it was possible that States peoples would be ground under slavery while India enjoyed full freedom, "but we cannot forget that State subjects are part and parcel of India."

Darbar Gopaldas continued that the barriers between native states and British India were man-made and no such walls could stop the air of freedom rushing into the states.

The State Praja Mandal, he said aimed at securing full freedom and keeping in line with British India in the advancement of the people towards freedom. He appealed to the Praja Mandal workers to carry out the constructive programme outlined by Mahatma Gandhi as it was the only solution of the present problems. Once the people began working the constructive programme with freedom as their ultimate aim they need not knock at the doors of responsible Government but responsible Government, and more than that, would come knocking at their doors.

CONGRESS WON'T BETRAY STATES' PEOPLE

VALLABH NAGAR (BARODA), Nov. 17 (A.P.I.): Over 15,000 people attended the annual session of the Baroda State Prajamandal held today under the Presidency of Durbar Gopaldas.

Mr. Morarji Desai, Secretary of the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee, addressing the session declared that it was the primary right of the people of Indian States to have responsible government. He disputed the argument that the people of the States had not advanced politically and were unfit for responsible Government. It would be in the intrests of the rulers themselves, said Mr. Desai, if they, of their own accord, granted their subjects responsible government, for that would foster cordial relationship and good rulers. If the rulers however, failed in their duty and ignore the just demands of the states people the latter would have to fight for the same and secure their just rights.

Mr. Morarji added that the Indian National Congress has resolved to win freedom for India and it would never betray the cause of the people of Indian States.

Ex-Congressmen To Return To Fold

NAGPUR, Nov. 18 (A.P.I.): Some Congressmen who had left the Congress after the Khare incident (when Dr. N. B. Khare was expelled from the Congress) met here yesterday and decided to return to the Congress and take up active political work. Karamvir P. R Pathak presided at the meeting.

Congress Thrives On Repression

SIWAM, Nov. 17 (A.P.I.): "Every nation has got a right to rebel against the Government they do not like and no amount of repression can curb the genuine desire of a nation to be free", said Mr Kirshna Sinha, ex-Premier, Bihar, addressing a public meeting here.

"The British Government thought", Mr. Sinha said, "they had crushed the Congress by the ruthless measures they had adopted after the 1942 movement but for all that Congress has become stronger to-day than ever."

Why Loan To Britain?

"She Has More Secret Dollar Reserves In America Today"

NEW YORK, Nov. 18 (U.P.I.)—The American loan to Britain is becoming daily more problematical. Despite the American Administration's attempt to sell the idea to the American public, the country is hardening against the proposed loan.

In this connection the "New York World Telegram" reports from Washington today that the opponents of the loan are accusing Britain of having in America secret dollar reserves to the tune of 900 million pounds. They argue that "Britain has more dollar assets in America today than at any time since America entered the war" including gold and bank balances and negotiable dollar securities.

"War security has kept these facts under cover but Britain should not bury such assets in our backyard and at the same time say she is starved of dollars", they declare.

ANGLO-AMERICAN MOVE FOR PETAIN'S RELEASE

LONDON, Nov. 18 (U.P.I.): There are persistent rumours in the French political circles that powerful Anglo-American interests are pressing General de Gaulle for the release of Marshal Petain. Substance is lent to these rumours by a report from Paris that the aged Marshal has been transferred to a new and less austere home. From Portalet, the old prison fortress high in the Pyrenees, he has been moved to Illedyeu, off the coast of Britanny. This transfer may be the first move towards Marshal Petain's release on the grounds of health.

FULL RIGHTS OR REPATRIATION

Demand Of Indian Labour In Ceylon

COLOMBO, Nov. 17 (A.P.I.): Full rights or complete repatriation to India with compensation is demanded by Mr. K. Natesa Iyer, member of the State Council and President of the Ceylon Indian Workers' Federation in a cable addressed to the Secretary of State for Colonies, the Secretary of State for India, Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar and Mr. Vittal Pai.

Asserting that "the White Paper proposes to hand Indian estate labourers to Sinhalese leaders to be dealt with as slaves", the cable adds: "Sinhalese leaders have shown their dislike of Indian workers in the last 15 years when in power."

Demanding the "rights promised to them these hundred years when recruited to enrich Ceylon and British capitalists, Mr. Natesa Iyer adds: "They feel repatriation to India more honourable than to live as slaves here. They demand incorporation of their rights in the Order-in-Council". Failing this "arrange repatriation with one month's wages for every year of service in Ceylon estates."

Failing a settlement, the cable adds: "The workers are prepared to take action by peaceful and lawful means to make the Government and investors regret their ingratitude."

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(B.C.) Anarkali, LAHORE.

WANTED
LADIES and GENTS, desirous to increase their weight and to look 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age and to get lovely improvement in features and charms like young days. Write a Post Card for FREE Booklet with your name and address in BLOCK LETTERS. Write immediately to enjoy the real pleasures of life.
Otogen Laboratories
LAHORE

BRITISH INDIGNANT AT U.S.

WASHINGTON (I.P.S.): It is stated that the British are indignant at the U. S. War Department's refusal to assist them in collecting payments from GI's who have become fathers of illegitimate children while serving in Britain. There are many such children in Britain about whom the British Government are worried and correspondence is going between the two governments over this issue.

R. A. F. AND REPATRIATION

LONDON, Nov. 16. (Reuter): The Ministry of Labour stated to-day that there was no foundation for the allegation to the effect that the Minister of Labour, Mr. George Isaacs, had broadcast that the Royal Air Force was falling behind in repatriation. The fact that the group numbers mentioned for the Royal Air Force were lower than those for the Army and Navy did not indicate that Royal Air Force releases were behind the programme.

First Step To Save World From Armament Race

CHARLESTON (South Carolina) Nov. 16. (Reuter): The Secretary of State, Mr. James Byrnes, in a radio speech to-night said yesterday's three-power declaration on the atomic bomb was "the first step in the effort to rescue the world from the desperate armament race".

Five Killed In Palwal Clash

PALWAL, Nov. 17. (A. P. I.): Five persons were killed in a communal clash which occured here yesterday afternoon. Trouble started over the Muslims carrying sacrificed cows on the route which they are reported to have been following for a number of years which passed in front of two temples. Hindus took objection to this and asked the Muslims not to pass by that way. The Muslims remained adamanat and a melee followed which resulted in five being killed. Daggers, brickbats and yiathis were used freely. Police arrived on the spot and restored order. The situation is still tense.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.

LONDON: Banks Buying 90 Days/st 1/6 5/32 1 to 4 Months.
Banks buying 90 days/st. 1/6 3/16 5 and 6 Months.
B. C. RATES: T. T. 1/5 15/16 D D. 1/5 15/16.
Banks selling T. T. 1/5 31/32 D. D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 D. D. 1/6 1/16.
LONDON/NEW YORK:
Banks selling T. T. Rs. 332 3/4 D. D. Rs. 332 3/4.
Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2 D D. Rs. 328.
LONDON/MONTREAL:
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2 D. D. Rs. 302 1/2.
Banks buying T. T. Rs. 299 D D. Rs. 297 1/2.
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steady.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p c, Bank of England Rate 2 p c.
Money:—Call, one and two months 1/4 p c 3 to 6 months 1/2 p c, 6 to 11 months 3/4 p c. 12 months 1-1/4 p c
Tone: Very easy.

U. S. Plan To Develop Chinese Air Transport

WASHINGTON (I.P.S.): An elaborate plan for the development of Chinese air transport has been completed by the U. S. Foreign Economic Administration and been forwarded to Chungking.

COTTON ARRIVALS IN BOMBAY.
BOMBAY Nov. 17.

	Yesterday.	This year	Since 1st Sept. Last year.
Khandesh	.....	3,095	5,284
Central India	.....	407	1,735
Barsi and Nagar	227	9,079	911
Hyderabad/ Georani	.....	1,863	189
Berar	580	14,682	7,601
Central Provinces	102	2,394	221
Total Comras	909	31,511	15,941
Dholeras	1,339	33,631	10,638
Rajputana	.....	2,812	228
Sind Punjab	2,603	64,378	73,046
Broach	110	11,181	32,884
Coompta and Dharwar	.....	7,823	13,086
Westerns-Northerns	116	23,699	6,109
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	.....	1,830	1,700
Soudan	.....	1,678	1
Egyptian (other than Sudan)	.....	18,376	32,014
East African	1,406	31,206	47,965
Comilla, Burma & other sorts	.....	8,537	686
	6,485	221,507	233,447
Arr. bi road to 8th Nov.	.....	500	500

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

	Ready.	Basis Jan. 1945/46	Dec.	Jarilla Crop.	Jan.	Crop. Feb.
C.P. 1 Jarilla	385/395		+40/50		.....	
C.P. 2 Jarilla	375/385		+37/40		.....	
Berar Jarilla	370/385		+20/21		.....	
Punjab 289 F.	445/460		... ...		+145/67	
Punjab 289 F. sawgin	430/830	Nov.	Dec.	+200/05		
Sind N. T.	405/440		+106/07		.....	
Muglai	310/340		.....		.....	

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN.
LONDON, Nov. 15.

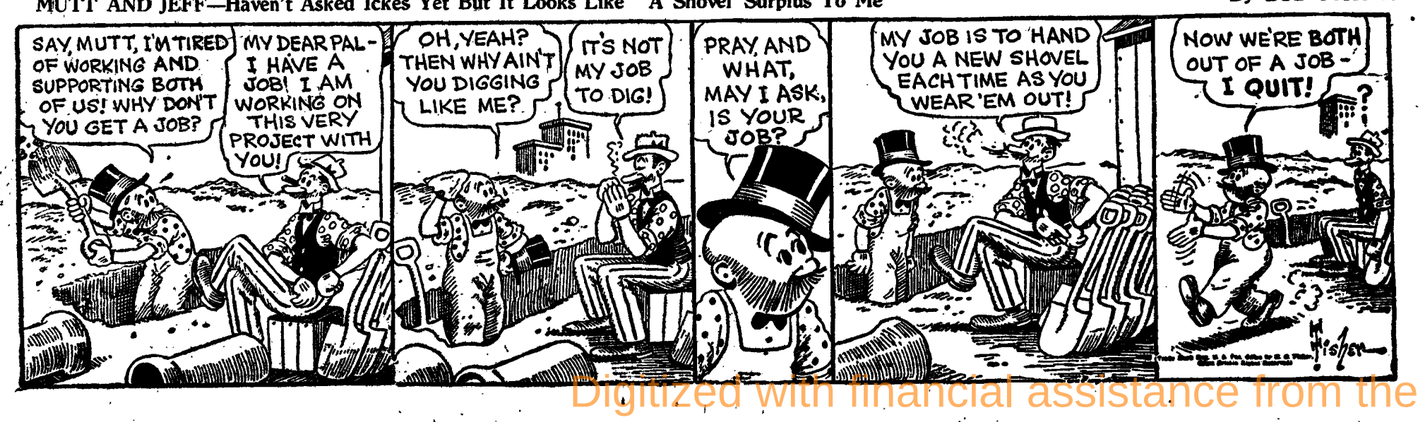
	£
Total bullion	710,000
Public deposits	6,500,000
(a) Other deposits	283,100,000
Government securities	259,300,000
(b) Other securities	13,500,000
Notes, gold and silver coin	24,300,000
Notes in circulation	1,326,400,000
Ratio of reserve to liabilities	8.3 p.c.
(a) Other deposits include bankers deposits	225,400,000
(b) Other securities include discount and advances	10,300,000
Total deposits	289,600,000
Total securities	272,800,000

LONDON WHEAT
LONDON, Nov. 16.
Wheat Rosario Santa Fe (New Crop) unoffered
Australian Wheat (Bulk) 61 quoted
Australian Wheat (Bag) unoffered

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
LONDON, Nov. 16.

	£
Rupee Paper 2-1/2 p c	74-1/2
Consols 2-1/2 2-1/2 p c	90-3/8
Conversion Loan 2-1/2 p c 1961	106
War Loan 3-1/2 p c	103
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	112-3/4
Victory Bonds 4 p c	113-3/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11-1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg).	80-1/2
National Bank of India	4-3/4

MUTT AND JEFF—Haven't Asked Ickes Yet But It Looks Like A Shovel Surplus To Me — By BUD FISHER


SAY, MUTT, I'M TIRED OF WORKING AND SUPPORTING BOTH OF US! WHY DON'T YOU GET A JOB?
MY DEAR PAL- I HAVE A JOB! I AM WORKING ON THIS VERY PROJECT WITH YOU!
OH, YEAH? THEN WHY AIN'T YOU DIGGING LIKE ME?
IT'S NOT MY JOB TO DIG!
PRAY AND WHAT, MAY I ASK, IS YOUR JOB?
MY JOB IS TO HAND YOU A NEW SHOVEL EACH TIME AS YOU WEAR 'EM OUT!
NOW WE'RE BOTH OUT OF A JOB - I QUIT!
?

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Most Beautiful tall cultured Pref. England returned bride required by parents of Europe-America trained bachelor, touring Europe yearly. Millionaire landlord family, Western views. Apply Box No. 19, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Lady Assistant for a professional man. No experience necessary. Apply Box No. 9989 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an experienced and competent Salesman, well conversant with textile millstores line for Calcutta Office. Apply with relevent testimonials and qualifications stating minimum salary expected to Box No. 9995 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted Stenographer, possessing excellent knowledge English and either Gujrati or Marathi. Salary Rs. 130/- Post temporary for about six months. Those desiring serve national cause apply—Bombay Provincial Nationalist Muslim parliamentary Board, 2nd Floor Buonacasa Building, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road. 23

Required a young intelligent man as departmental head to look after the running of motor transport. starting salary Rs. 350/- Apply Box No. 24 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted General Clerk, knowing, typing, filing despatch either Gujrati or Marathi or Urdu, salary upto Rs. 100/- Post temporary for about six months. Those desiring serve national cause apply Bombay Provincial Nationalist Muslim Parliamentary Board, 2nd Floor, Buonacasa Building, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road. 23

Wanted influential and well connected persons to act as Manager for a Bank in Bombay, good salary with future prospects, please apply to Box No. 10,000, "Bombay Chronicle."

Required an experienced man to act as Head for Shipping Department. Starting salary Rs 350/-. Apply Box No. 25, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for Uganda (East Africa) a B. Ag., (B.Sc. Ag.) with practical experience of Arabica and Robusta Coffee. Apply by Air Mail to: Damji Plantations, P.O. Box 108, Kampala, Uganda, E. Africa. (15)

Wanted Organisers and Inspectors on lucrative terms of allowance and commission for a leading life office. Apply Box No. 9997, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—An experienced Branch Manager for our proposed Bombay Branch, who has worked in Advertising agency and has practical experience in this line. Apply Chaddha & Co., 204, Chittaranjan Avenue North, Calcutta. (5576)

Wanted Gujarati knowing B.A. S.T.C. or B.T. Teachers of either sex. Apply personally or write to the Principal Premier School, Dadar (B. B.) Ranade Road, extension. (9982)

Wanted an Expert Hosiery Technologist knowing Cotton Hosiery Machines engineering, well-versed in Hosiery Knitting Cuttings, Dyeing and Bleaching, Sewing and Finishing—Apply with testimonials stating minimum salary to Juggilal Kamlapat Hosiery Factory, Kamala Tower, Cawnpore. 5531

Wanted immediately a Gujarati knowing Graduate, male or female, with English optional. Honours trained and experienced preferred. Post permanent. Benefit of provident fund. Lady graduate preferable. Apply stating age, experience and minimum salary expected with copies of testimonials to Lady Superintendent. Sheth G. T. Girls' High School. Rajkot. (5559)

Wanted Immediately by a well-established old Life Insurance Co., influential and well connected persons capable of creating good organisation for the post of Branch Manager on handsome salary at Bombay. Please apply to Mr. L. P. Acharya, Managing Director, The Sunshine Insurance Ltd., Kumud Villa, 321, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay, 4. (1)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of Assistant Superintendents in Bombay, Ratnagiri and Karwar. Salary: Scale: Rs. 100-5-200; (C.L.A. Rs. 25/- for Bombay only) Higher starting salary may be given to suitable candidates. QUALIFICATIONS: M.Sc. in Zoology of Bombay or any other recognised University. The posts are temporary, with prospects of subsequent permanency. Applictions with copies of certificates of age, domicile, academic qualifications and previous experience should be addressed to "Director of Fisheries", Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay so as to reach him not later than December, 5th 1945.

5554

M. & S. M. RAILWAY—TENDER

1. The Chief Engineer invites sealed tenders for the construction of Mass Concrete buttress walls in Tunnel No. 7 at mile 47/7-11 on the West of India Portuguese Railway and for the supply of sand and 3/4" metal etc.

2. Tender forms with Schedule of rates and full particulars of the work, instructions to parties tendering and conditions of contract can be obtained on application to the Chief Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Madras. on payment of Rs. 10/- each,. which will not be refundable.

3. The tenders must be superscribed "Tunnel No. 7—W. I. P. Railway" and sent so as to reach the Chief Engineer, M. & S. M Railway, Park Town, Madras, not later than 12 Noon on 18/12/1945. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500/-. Intending tenderers can obtain information as to approved quarries and see any plans necessary at the Office of the District Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Mormugao.

5557

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING of the Bombay Tailoring Establishments will be held under the auspices of the Bombay Tailoring Establishments Association on MONDAY, the 19th day of November, 1945, at 5-30 P.M in the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall Near Sandhurst Road Tram Terminus under the presidency of Mr. Allum Din of Messrs. Charagh Din & Bros. of Colaba, Bombay to protest against the certificates of making charges issued by the Controller General of Civil Supplies to the Tailoring Establishments in Bombay. All concerned in this business are cordially requested to present at the Meeting.

5556

G. I. P. RLY.

LEVEL CROSSING No. 3 at Mile 6/23, near Kolvada Station on the Harbour Branch Rly. will be CLOSED to Road traffic from 9 P.M. on Tuesday 20th inst.. to 6 A.M. on Wednesday the 21st instant for relaying tracks.

5586

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Davar's College of Commerce—Join immediately special new classes just started for Company Secretaries, Specialised Banking, International Accountants, General Commerce, Gregg Shorthand, etc. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. 20

Expert Tuition in Mathematics by a trained lady Graduate. Apply Box No. 9983, "Bombay Chronicle."

Learn Dentistry within short period. Apply Prospectus Dental Training Institute, Garediakuva, Rajkot. (5347)

Get Medical Diplomas at Home: Ayurvedic, Homoeopathic, Unani. Prospectus Free. Old Indian Medical College, Kotgarh, Simla. (9971)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Manufacturers and Importers desirous to push sales of their products in Northern India through the medium of our Agencies and branches may please negotiate with us. Menley Brothers, Saddar Bazar, Delhi. 18

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents and shop-to-shop Canvassers for buttons, buckles, pen-knives, and other consumer, hardware and cutlery line goods. Attractive terms and commission and fixed allowance. Atlas Metal & Engineering Works, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4. 9983

MACHINERY WANTED

Printing Press Machinery in good working order required. Write giving full particulars and size of machine and its price to Box No. 26, "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

One Ice Plant of 3 tons capacity in working order complete with iron freezing tank and 40 B.H.P. Gas Engine Equipped with gas plant. Two disintegrators of No. 1½ and No. 2. Apply to; The Kanauj Dyeing and Weaving Mills, Kanauj, U. P. (4)

For immediate sale two C.I. rolling mill frames for 14" rolls suitable for rolling m.s. sheets. Further particulars from Garlick & Co., Jacob Circle, Bombay. (5582)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Only The Manly Deserve The Lovely, confidentially correspond with P. B. 48, Mangalore. (9972)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

THE INDIAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that as per Resolution passed by the Board of Directors at their Meeting held on the 17th November, 1945, an Ad Interim dividend at Rs. 50|- (Rupees Fifty only) per whole share and Rs. 25-0-0 (Rupees twenty-five only) per half share (Free of income-tax) for the half year ended 30th September, 1945, will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company, "Sir Vithaldas Chambers," 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on and after TUESDAY the 18th December, 1945, to those shareholders whose names stand in the Register on TUESDAY, the 4th Decr., 1945.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, the 4th December, 1945, to MONDAY, the 17th December, 1945, both days inclusive.

The Dividend Warrants will be posted to the last registered address of the shareholders.

The shareholders at Ahmedabad are advised to receive payments of their Dividends from Motilal Govindlal Karsondas, residing at Hari Bhakti Pole, Sankdi Sheri, Ahmedabad, on presenting their share certificates and the warrants duly signed.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
DAMODHER THACKERSEY MOOLJEE & COMPANY,
Agents.

Bombay, 17th November, 1945. (5589)

THE HINDOOSTAN SPG. & WVG. MILLS CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that as per Resolution passed by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 17th Nov. 1945 an Ad Interim Dividend at Rs. 50|- per whole and Rs. 12-8-0 per quarter share (Free of Income-tax) for the half-year ending 30th September, 1945, will be paid at the registered office of the Company, "Sir Vithaldas Chambers," Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on and after Tuesday, the 18th December, 1945, to those shareholders whose names stand on the register of the Company, on Tuesday, the 4th December, 1945.

THE SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, the 4th December, 1945, to MONDAY, the 17th December, 1945, (both days inclusive).

The Dividend Warrants will be posted to the last registered addresses of the shareholders.

By the Order of the Board,
THACKERSEY MOOLJEE & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 17th November, 1945. (5590).

MISC. APPLICATION NO. 126 OF 1945.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Miss KATHLEEN MAUD CAREY has applied for Letters of Administration to the estate of Lieutenant Frederick Arthur Carey of Poona, deceased, in the District Court, Poona. Anybody wishing to raise objections should apply to this Court on or before 14-12-1945.

K. M. THAKAR,
Clerk of the Court,
District Court, Poona. (5581)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA Department of Industries and Civil Supplies.

NOTICE

IN SUPERSESSION of his previous notice which requested hospitals to apply to the Textile Commissioner for supplies of gauze, lint, bandage cloth and mosquito netting, such hospitals and other consumers are now advised that these items as well as Tape, Newar and Canvas which in weight exceeds 8 oz. a square yard, should henceforth be obtained through the normal trade channels.

DHARMA VIRA,
Textile Commissioner.

Bombay, 12-11-1945. (5563)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY. Office of the Director of Munitions Production,
Phoenix Building, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

TENDER NOTICE

THE DIRECTOR of Munitions Production, Phoenix Building, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, invites quotations against Tender No. MBP|14896|P1 to reach him on or before 10-12-45, on forms (NOT TRANSFERABLE) obtainable from his office at Rs. 3|- per set (NOT REFUNDABLE) to be paid in Cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting Tender No. full name, and address of the remitter), for Screws Wood Mild Steel and Brass sizes.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on application for Tender Forms. Firms already blacklisted by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of *Tender Forms which will not be* supplied to them. (5585)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE WESTERN INDIA SPG. & MFG. CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that as per Resolution passed by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 17th November, 1945, an Ad. Interim Dividend at Rs. 50/- (Rupees Fifty only) per share (free of income-tax) for the half-year ended 30th September, 1945, will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company, "Sir Vithaldas Chambers", Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on and after Tuesday, the 18th December, 1945, to those shareholders whose names stand on the register on Tuesday the 4th December, 1945.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, the 4th December to MONDAY, the 17th December, 1945, both days inclusive.

The Dividend Warrants will be posted to the last registered addresses of the shareholders.

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
THACKERSEY MOOLJEE SONS & COMPANY,
Agents.

Bombay, 17th November, 1945. 5591

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from candidates, who have passed at least the Intermediate Drawing and Painting Examinations, for the post of Assistant Museum Artist in the scale of Rs. 50-4-90 plus the usual Dearness Allowance per month. Applications stating name, age, educational qualifications, together with original certificates re: birth date and domicile should be sent so as to reach the undersigned on or before 26th Nov. 1945.

Date, 15th Nov. 1945.

S. C. UPADHYAYA,
Curator, Victoria & Albert Museum, Victoria Gardens, Byculla, Bombay. 5584

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HASMUKHLAL LALCHAND KOTHARI, the proprietor of the Kothari Printing Press has agreed to sell to our client the business of Printing Press carried on by him as the Sole Proprietor thereof at 67, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, in the name and style of "Kothare Printing Press", together with all beneficial interest and goodwill thereof. Any person having any claim whatsoever of any kind to or affecting the said business or any portion thereof is required to give a notice thereof to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days, otherwise the assignment will be completed without any regard to any such claim or interest and all such claim or interest, if any, will be deemed to have been waived.

Dated this 15th day of November, 1945.

MULLA & MULLA,
Attorneys-at-Law. 5587

NOTICE

ONE OF MY CLIENTS has contracted to purchase from one J. APDIN, his laundry business, called the Modern Laundry, situated at 5-7, Sassoon Dock Road, Colaba with all its Goodwill, Assets, Fixtures, Furniture, etc. All persons having any claim of whatsoever nature against the said business or its assets are hereby required to give particulars thereof in writing to the undersigned at Court House, Carnac Road, within 12 days of this date; otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim which would be deemed to have been waived.

Dated this 17th day of November, 1945.

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Akbarali Ibrahimji, Sir Phirozeshah Mehta Road Fort, Bombay.
Messrs. Chimanlal Chunilal & Co., Princess Street, Bombay.

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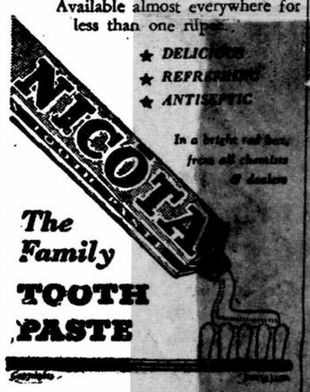

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HINTS ON HEALTHY LIVING 3

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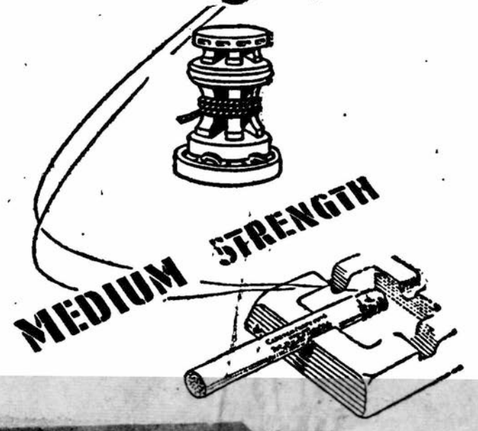

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